The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 2709. 號九零二百七千三第 日六十月八廣 年巳己治同 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER, 1869. 二拜禮 號一十月九英 港香 [PRICE $21 PER MONTH.

Announcements

...und Teachings of Confu-
...Notes. By James Legge, D.D.
...l Readers from the Author's
...ories," with the original Text.
...and 338. 10s. 6d.

...llection of phrases in the
...atically arranged. By the Rev.
...p. viii. and 104, sewed. Shang-

...orks of Confucius, com-
...with a Translation. Vol. I, all
...bound. Serampore, 1809. £3 3s.

...tical Reader; a short me-
...d and write Chinese. By the
...D. And a vocabulary of two
...ters, with their most common
...ands of the Peking dialect, 4to.
...half bound. Shanghai, 1862.

...onary of the Envoking
...nguage. By Gilbertus Hap-
...transactions of the Batavian
...y. Medhurst. 18mo, pp. 384.

...e true meaning of the
...the quotations adduced under
...perial thesaurus, called the
...ted by W. H. Medhurst.

...e Dialogues, Questions,
...ically translated into English,
...mercial intercourse and se-
...nguage. By the late W. H.
...and enlarged edition. 8vo.

...tionary of the Chinese
...Morrison, D.D. Two Vols.
...II. pp. 653, cloth. Shang-

...r of China for Philolo-
...a sketch of Chinese Chrono-
...graphical, Religious, and Customs.
...4to. Macao, 1817, bound,

...Linguae Sinicae, Aus-
...ae simplibus Collegii Anglo-
...ae. 262, sewed. Malacca,

...Japonais - Français.
...ription des mots et exemples
...des Japonais.
...dition.
...apanais—Portugais, composé
...Compagnie de Jésus et im-
...et revue par le traducteur
...ique, public par Léon Pagès.
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...apoonaise, accompagnée
...ecates écritures Japonaises,
...ln aperçu du style Sinico-
...ney, Professeur chargé de
...ole Impériale, etc. Seconde
...6. Paris, 1863. 8s. 6d.

...onversation Japonaise,
...our la prononciation, en
...Romy. 8vo. pp. 64. Paris.

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...Européenne dans l'extrême
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...ween the two intended Chi-
...ler. Rob. Morrison, and An-
...Together with Morrison's
...ion, with the Text, to the re-
...n-Tsi-King. 4to., London,

...Lit. In three volumes,
...ist of the Category of Tien;
...ete. pp. 302. 2—Chinese
...ang Hsün; or, Amplifica-
...Chapter I. pp. 64. 3.—
...in the tones of the Peking
...II.—The Peking Syllabary;
...characters representing the
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...g, to the four tones; de-
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...lume III.—The Hsiu-Ching;
...being the first of a series
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...pital and the Metropolitan
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...Progressive Course, pp
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...ts, with Key, Syllabary
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...ation at Peking. 4to.
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...lections from the Chinese
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Arrivals.

None.

Departures.

Sept. 20, ROHILLA, for Singapore.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, SEPTEMBER 20TH.

North Star, for San Francisco.
Regnd, for Tientsin.

Passengers.

None.

Reports.

None.

Auction Sales To-day.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
Sundry Articles.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and responsibility of Mr. L. CHYLAEW, in our Firm, ceased on the 16th October, 1868, and Mr. CASAR KRIEGER was admitted a partner therein on the 1st July last.

DIRCKS & Co.

2m 1806 Swatow, 13th September, 1869.

THE FRENCH DISPENSARY.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. CARLOS JOSÉ BRAGA, in our Firm, ceased on the 15th instant, and Mr. JOÃO LUCIANO BRITTO was admitted a Partner therein on the 1st January last.

C. BRAGA & Co.,
Chemists and Druggists.

Hongkong, 17th September, 1869.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the above, the undersigned begs to notify that the business of the FRENCH DISPENSARY will be conducted henceforward in his own name.

J. L. BRITTO,
Chemist and Druggist.

1m 1801 Hongkong, 17th September, 1869.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN CHARLES RIDGE is authorised to sign our Firm, per procuration, in Foochow, from this date.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

1m 1695 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1869.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the late Mr. HENRY DAVIES MARGESSON, in our Firm, ceased on the 30th June last, and Mr. MORTIMER EVELYN MURRAY was admitted a Partner therein on 1st July.

MARGESSON & Co.

tf 1478 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1869.

MR. LEONARD STAEL has been admitted a Partner in our firm, from this date.

HESSE & Co.

3m 1372 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established myself as a Public Accountant, Average Adjuster, and General Commission Agent.

O. LANGDON DAVIES.

tf 1243 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

NOTICE.

WE have this day admitted Mr. BENJAMIN EGGARTS as a Partner in our firm.

FAWORTT & Co.

tf 643 Hongkong, 1st April, 1869.

MR. FRITZ RAPP has been duly authorised to sign our firm, per procuration, from this date.

F. BLACKHEAD & Co.

tf 1136 Hongkong, 11th June, 1869.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned are now prepared to Land and Store Goods on the premises lately occupied by them as a Store.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

tf 1538 Hongkong, 11th August, 1869.

EASTLACK AND WINN,
Dental Surgeons.

ON and after the 15th July, Dr. Winn's office will be removed from No 1, *Wyndham Street*, to his residence, corner of *Arbuthnot Road* and *Chancery Lane*.

tf 1373 Hongkong, 14th July, 1869.

BUTCHER'S LIVERY STABLES AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

HORSES received on Livery.
Carriages and Horses sold and bought on Commission.
Farriery, by an experienced European.
Harness and Saddlery repaired and renovated, a stock of London-made being always on hand.
Horses broken to Saddle or Harness.
Horses always on hand for Sale.
J. B. B. having received a very large supply of the best English-made
CARRIAGE MATERIALS, PAINTS, VARNISH, &c.,
is prepared to build or repair Carriages with promptness, at very moderate Terms.
Veterinary work carefully attended to.
(J. B. will be happy to call at the residence of any person requiring his services, on receiving instructions to that effect.)
Rear of Murray Barracks, Hongkong.

tf 875 Hongkong, 3rd May, 1869.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL, HONGKONG.

TRUSTEES.
The Colonial Secretary.
The Honourable W. KESWICK, Esq.
GEO. HEARD, Esq.,
The Superintendent of the P. & O. S. N. Company, (ex officio),
W. STANLEY ADAMS, M. D., *Resident Surgeon.*
Mr. YOUNG, *House Surgeon.*
W. PATERSON, Esq., *Hon. Treasurer.*

TERMS OF ADMISSION—

1st Class (Private Room), per day, $3.00
2nd " { (2 Beds in one Room) ..... " $2.00
3rd " (Public Wards) ..... " $1.00

These charges are inclusive of all Medicines and Attendances, but exclusive of Wines or Articles not in the recognised Dietary Table.

All orders for Admission to Hospital must be countersigned by some responsible Person or Persons resident in the Colony.

(Patients are also admitted on Deposite at the following rates, renewable one day previous to the amount deposited having been expended.

1st Class ..... $60.
2nd " ..... $40.
3rd " ..... $20.)

By order,
W. PATERSON,
Treasurer.

6m 1314 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. MICHELL, BARNARD & Co., of Manila, have been appointed Agents for Manila for the *Daily Press*, *Chinese Issue of Daily Press*, *Overland Trade Report*, *Straits Times Extra*, and all other publications issued from this Office, and residents in Manila will please make application to them.

Daily Press Office, June, 1869.

RIFLES, FIXED AMMUNITION, AND GUNPOWDER.
RODMOND GIBBONS & Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Agents for:
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS Co.,
and
E. J. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & Co.,
are prepared to sell Rifles, Carbines, Fixed Ammunition, and Gunpowder, on terms more favorable than they can obtained from New York. [ly 715 Ap. 10

Bank.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—5,000,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors—
Chairman—GEORGE F. HEARD, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—JULIUS MOSES, Esq.

George J. Holland, Esq.	A. Joost, Esq.
William Lemaire, Esq.	J. P. Dunsmuir, Esq.
W. H. Forbes, Esq.	Hoshie, R. Howell.
A. D. Stanton, Esq.	E. R. Sellar, Esq.
Hoshie, J. B. Taylor.	

Managers:
Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.,
Chief Manager.
Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits—
For 3 months 2 per cent. per annum
6 " 4 " "
12 " 5 " "
LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits—granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts—granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
VICTOR KRESSER, *Chief Manager.*
Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1869.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Call of Twenty-five dollars per Share, on the Shares in the Capital of the Corporation, numbered from 20,001 to 40,000, inclusive, is payable on the 1st day of JULY next, at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per annum will be charged on the amount of all calls unpaid, and the other provisions of the 30th article of the Deed of Settlement of the Corporation will also be enforced in respect of Shares upon which the Calls remain unpaid.

By order of the Court of Directors,
VICTOR KRESSER,
Chief Manager.

tf 1141 Hongkong, 11th June, 1869.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND declared for the half year ended 30th June last, at the rate of Twelve per cent. per annum, say 7.50 per paid-up Share of $125, and $150 per Share on which $25 have been paid, is payable on and after TUESDAY, the 19th instant, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By order of the Court of Directors,
VICTOR KRESSER,
Chief Manager.

1574 Hongkong, 19th August, 1869.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED have REMOVED their "AUCTION SALES DEPARTMENT," to the premises lately occupied by Messrs. RAY & Co., *Queen's Road Central*. Goods received for Auction Sales will be fully covered by Fire insurance, for which no Extra Charge is made.

STORAGE to be had on very moderate terms.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 1421 Hongkong, 24th July, 1869.

NOTICE.

IN THE ESTATE OF DOUGLAS LAPRAIK, DECEASED.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testament of DOUGLAS LAPRAIK, formerly of Hongkong, and lately of Acton, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, one of the Executors in the said Will named, all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby required to pay the amount of their debts forthwith. Persons having claims against the Estate are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims to the undersigned, at the Office of Messrs. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., or to HENRY C. CALDWELL, Esq., Solicitor, on or before the 31st day of January, 1870, after which date no claims will be received or admitted.

Dated Hongkong, 9th day of July, 1869.

R. E. BAKER,
Executor.

tf 1342

ILLUMINATIONS, TRANSPARENCIES, TRIUMPHAL ARCHES, AND OTHER DECORATIONS, For the approaching visit of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

THE Undersigned is now prepared to execute orders for the above, all information in reference thereto can be obtained from Messrs. WILSON & SALWAY.

JOHN B. HOLLAND,
Scenic Artist, &c.

1297 Hongkong, 5th July, 1869.

VICTORIA FOUNDRY.
Spring Gardens,
ESTABLISHED 1857.

MCDOUGALL & CO., ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, SMITHS AND GENERAL WORKMEN.

Boilers made and repaired; for prices of New Boilers, apply at the Works, *Spring Gardens.*

3m 1278 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

E. AURBACH & Co.,
SHIP CHANDLERS & STOREKEEPERS,
NEWCHWANG,

BEG to call the attention of masters of vessels and others visiting that port, to their

EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENT,

replete with every Article of
SHIP CHANDLERY AND FANCY GOODS,
And to which they have added a thorough
COMPRADORING BRANCH.

They have also built a commodious BOWLING ALLEY and BILLARD ROOM, Furnished with complete appurtenances, equal to any in the North of China.

6m 1124 Newchwang, 1st June, 1869.

MORRIS & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
NEWS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

1G471 *(Late J. B. Morris, News Agent.)* [Apl

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT desirable Residence, No. 17, *Caine Road*, consisting of Dwelling House, with out-houses and stabling for 4 horses attached, lately occupied by Rev. Hamlin, W. H. Rennie.

The House has been recently redecorated, and is in thorough repair. Apply to

JOHN GERRARD.

tf 1527 Hongkong, 11th August, 1869.

COOK AND COMPANY,
CONSULTING VETERINARY SURGEONS,
HORSE DEALERS, &c.,
CALCUTTA.

WILL be happy to undertake commissions for the supply and shipment of horses to China, the Straits, or elsewhere, and in cases where the selection is left to them, will use their best judgment, on receiving full particulars of the stamp of horse required.

They have at present a large number of well-bred Adelaide and Victorian Horses, recently landed, and for sale at moderate prices, including some extremely handsome riding and harness horses, (especially several magnificent pairs) most of them broken and fit for immediate use; also, several first class Arabs, selected in Bombay, by their Mr. Rutherford (V. S.) [1434

Intimations.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD OF CALIFORNIA, AND THE WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD, IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, FORM THE GRAND TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAY LINE FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, AND NEW YORK.

Through Freight and Ticket Office:
No. 415, California Street, Hayward's Building,
SAN FRANCISCO.

TICKETS SOLD, Sleeping-car Berths Secured, freight rates and other information given upon application at this office.

Baggage checked through to points on the Central Pacific Railroad and Omaha at the California Steam Navigation Company's Dock, from 1 to 4 P.M., upon presentation of ticket, without expense to the passenger for transferring from steamer to cars at Sacramento.

THROUGH TIME (EASTWARD).
JUNE, 1869.

THIS EXP. DAILY.	DEPARTS.	TIME.	REMAINS TIME.
SACRAMENTO	Leave	6.30 A.M.	
PROMONTORY	Arrive 6.26	6.55 P.M.	1 day & 18½ hrs.
	Leave 6.36	10.30 P.M.	
OMAHA	Arrive 1.174	9.30 A.M.	4 days & 3 hrs.
COUNCIL BLUFFS	Leave	11.00 A.M.	
CHICAGO (central time)	Arrive 5.268	1.50 P.M.	5 days & 7 hrs.
	Leave 5.407	6.50 A.M.	
NEW YORK	Arrive 3.167	9.50 A.M.	SEVEN DAYS.
COUNCIL BLUFFS	Leave	10.00 A.M.	
ST. LOUIS	Arrive 2.274	11.50 A.M.	6 days & 5 hrs.

Prompt connections made at PROMONTORY.

FARE.

San Francisco to Promontory (coin)	$50.00
" Omaha (currency)	183.00
" St. Louis (currency)	163.00
" Chicago (currency)	153.00
" Cincinnati (currency)	166.50
" Niagara Falls (currency)	170.50
" New York (currency)	173.00
" Boston (currency)	176.00

Children not over twelve (12) years of age, half fare; under five (5) years of age, free.

100 POUNDS BAGGAGE (PER PASSENGER) FREE.

For Tickets and other information apply at the Company's office.

CHAS. CROCKER,
General Superintendent.

T. H. GOODMAN,
General Freight and Ticket Agent. [1498

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE undersigned are prepared to accept risks in the above Company for a *Period of Ten days*, on Merchandise stored in first-class Godowns, at ½th of one per cent.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

tf 1639 Hongkong, 28th August, 1869.

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

SHORT PERIOD RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire at the rate of ¼th of the annual charge, viz. 1-20th per cent. for any term not exceeding ten days.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,

1m 1650 Hongkong, 30th August, 1869.

G. A. MARX & Co.,
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S BOOT AND SHOES MAKERS,
5, OLD BAILEY STREET, HONGKONG.

THE abovenamed beg to inform the community of Hongkong, that they have established themselves at the above premises, for the supply *only of*:—

HOME-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES,
And at prices 20 *per cent. below that of Imported goods.*

Having a large European experience, G. A. MARX & Co. can offer to their patrons, the advantages of having their orders executed with the greatest care for design and ease, as well as on the latest and most approved anatomical principles.

1764 Hongkong, 13th September, 1869.

EX "INVINCIBLE."

FINE New English HONEY,
(in ½ lb. bottles and tins),
(in 1 lb. bottles and tins).
Liebig's EXTRACT OF BEEF,
Truefitt's PREPARATIONS, viz:—
BUCHRISMA,
Lime JUICE and GLYCERINE,
Hair SOAP, FLORAL EXTRACT,
Egg JULIP,
BRILLANTINE,
Nonpareil BALSAM,
Shakespeare's COTTAGES,
Lloyds' BUKESIS,
Beaton's Ringworm LOTION,
Bragg's Charcoal BISCUITS.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

tf 1097 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1869.

TO BE LET, OR FOR SALE.

A Pleasantly situated Bungalow, with Garden, Coach-house, and Stable. Situated in the *Calcada da San Francisco*, Macao. Government ground rental of $8 per annum.

Apply to J. J. FRANCIS, Esq., Hongkong, or J. R. WHITE, Esq., Macao.

tf 509 Macao, 12th March, 1869.

DR. VARNUM D. COLLINS, HOLDING a Diploma from the Philadelphia Dental College, resumes the practice of his profession at Hongkong. *Office and Residence*, 59, *Wyndham Street*; but patients visited at their homes if desired. All diseases of the teeth treated, and artificial work inserted on gold, silver, vulcanite and Allen's continuous gum.

tf 1150 Hongkong, 14th June, 1869.

UNDER the Distinguished Patronage of His Excellency The GOVERNOR and Lady MACDONNELL,

MR. W. P. FLOYD

Begs to announce that his Photographic Gallery has been RE-OPENED by His Excellency Sir R. G. MACDONNELL, C.B., and Lady MACDONNELL, on the Corner of *Wyndham* and *Wellington Streets*, where he solicits an inspection of the Finest Photographic Establishment in the Far East.

Life Size Photographic Portraits, in Oil or Water Colors.

tf 1513 Hongkong, 9th August, 1869.

CUTTING & Co.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,
Manufacturers of
HERMETICALLY SEALED FRUITS, VEGETABLES, MEATS, FISH, &c.
Also,
PICKLES, PRESERVES, SAUCES, VINEGAR, &c.

☞ We have one of the most extensive manufactories of this kind in the United States, and have a guarantee of the superior quality of our California packed FRUITS and VEGETABLES, in a constantly increasing demand from many of the Eastern Cities.

Office and Salesroom, 204, FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. [3m 1726

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. will sell by Public Auction,
THIS DAY,
the 21st September, 1869, at Noon,
AT THEIR NEW AUCTION SALES ROOMS, *Queen's Road*,—

10 Pieces Fancy DOESKINS.
5 " Blue PILOTS.
5 " WHITNEYS.
10 " West of England DOESKINS and PLAIDS.
30 " all wool Fancy FLANNELS, Checked.
15 " White and Self colored FLANNELS.
100 Dozen Woollen SOCKS, assorted descriptions.
2 Cases Pilot COATS.
60 Dozen White Elastic BELTS.
80 Pairs Dawson's BOOTS, double toes.
50 Pieces Black TAFFETS.
10 Cases American TOBACCO, each 8 boxes.
100 Bottles Magenta DYES.
10 Dozen Fancy Colored Flannel SHIRTS.
10 " Fine Merino UNDERSHIRTS.
5 Cases Victoria MATCHES, Bryant and May's.
100 Boxes (6) Sperm CANDLES.
A quantity of GILMAN'S STORES, as PICKLES, MUSTARD, OLIVES, SALAD OIL, SAUCES, VINEGAR, Table SALT, &c., &c.
10 Cases Assorted CONFECTIONERY.
35 Tins Breakfast BACON.
5 Cases Wilts CHEESE.
25 " Edam do.
A quantity of GLASSWARE, as TUMBLERS, Dessert DISHES, Centre STANDS, DECANTERS, CRUETS, &c., &c.
Hall LAMPS, Bracket LAMPS, Lamp SHADES, &c.
A quantity of STATIONERY, assorted FOOLSCAP and NOTE PAPER, ENVELOPES, Pocket and Memo. BOOKS, &c.
30 Dozen Clayton's Writing INK.
100 Bags Finest California FLOUR.
50 Drums Hubbuck's Boiled Linseed OIL.
25 " " TURPENTINE.
A quantity of light repairing CANVAS, PAINTS, BRUSHES, TWINE, &c., &c.
100 Cases GIN.
30 " Hennessy's BRANDY.
25 " Assorted LIQUORS.
And a variety of other GOODS.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

1804 Hongkong, 20th September, 1869.

GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sales Room, *Queen's Road*,

TO-MORROW,
The 22nd instant, at Noon.

TWEEDS, Railway RUGS, Cocoa BLANKETS, Huckaback TOWELLING, Pocket HANDKERCHIEFS, UNDERSHIRTS, RIFLES and English Government MUSKETS, Smith & Wesson's CARTRIDGES, BRANDY, CLARET and SHERRY.

An Invoice of PLATE GLASS, in assorted useful sizes.

A few cases MAGENTA DYE, in tins.

Dried COD FISH, MATCHES and WAX VESTAS, Roast and Boiled MUTTON, and Roast, Boiled, and Fresh BEEF in 1 lb. tins.

Yellow SOAP, PICKLES, VINEGAR, MUSTARD, 3 dozen Bottles Batley POWDER, Breakfast BACON, Bagatelle TABLES, FOOLSCAP, LETTER, and Brown PAPER, Pump LEATHER.

A quantity of Japan Lacquered BOXES, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

1809 Hongkong, 21st September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY,
the 24th September, 1869, at 10 o'clock A.M., At the Store of Messrs. DE SILVER & Co., *Praya*, their entire STOCK-IN-TRADE, comprising:—

GILMAN'S STORES, HARDWARE, Fairbank's SCALES, CANVAS, ROPE, Sheet COPPER, Boiler and Stem PLATES, Yellow METAL and NAILS, PLATED WARE, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE, LANTERNS, &c., &c.

Also,

Office FURNITURE, Iron SAFES, Store FIXTURES.

One House BOAT, with Awning, Oars, &c., complete.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.

1779 Hongkong, 15th September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Mortgagee, to sell by Public Auction, on
MONDAY,
the 27th day of September, 1869, at noon, on the Premises,

Under the power of sale contained in the Deed of Mortgage.

Inland Lots, Nos. 560, 561, and 563, with the Chinese HOUSES thereon, situate in *Bonham Strand*, exactly opposite to and facing the new water-police station.

For further particulars, apply to the Undersigned.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the purchase-money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the balance on completion of the Deed of transfer. All expenses of transfer to be paid by the purchaser. Property to be at the risk of the purchaser from the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.

1780 Hongkong, 15th September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on
MONDAY,
27th September, 1869, at 11 o'clock,
That piece or parcel of LAND, with dwelling HOUSE standing thereon, situated in *Peel Street*, and registered in the land office as Section A of Inland Lot No. 174.

Annual Crown Rent $38.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on fall of the hammer, and the remainder on completion of transfer.

1810 Hongkong, 21st September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

HOME-MADE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THE Undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the Residence of T. D. TILLINGHAST, Esq., No. 4, *Elgin Terrace*, on
TUESDAY,
the 28th September, 1869, at noon,
The whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising:—

A Handsome Bed-room SUITE, Leather Covered CHAIRS, Rep Covered COUCHES, Marble Top TABLE and TEA-POYS, Oil PAINTINGS and ENGRAVINGS, PIER GLASS, SIDE BOARD, WHATNOTS, Black Walnut Dining TABLE, Dinner SET, SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE and GLASSWARE, LAMPS, CARPETS, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.

1787 Hongkong, 16th September, 1869.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ELEGANT ENGLISH AND CANTON MADE FURNITURE, CHOICE WINES, &c., &c.,

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the residence of G. ANDERSON, Esq., Albany, on
FRIDAY,
the 1st October, at noon,
The whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising a handsome drawing room SUITE in Walnut, Green Rep covered COUCHES and CHAIRS, Carved Marble top TABLES, a pair of handsome Chimney GLASSES, Order's CHANDELIERS and Bracket LAMPS, Morocco Covered CHAIRS and COUCHES, Card TABLES, ENGRAVINGS and CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS, Oil PAINTING by Chinnery, CARPETS, Handsome Rosewood BEDSTEAD, WARDROBES, Toilet TABLES and GLASSES, WASHSTANDS, MUSICAL-BOX with 3 spare barrels, Dining TABLE, Carved SIDEBOARD and WHATNOTS, Handsome Dinner and Dessert SERVICES, Electro-plated CANDELABRA, a set of Silver TABLE WARE.

A Semi-grand PIANO, by Broadwood, (a very superior instrument and perfectly acclimatised.)

A few dozens very choice PORT, CLARET, and MADEIRA.

Also,

An Arab PONY, (quiet to ride, and has carried a lady.)

A Manila PONY, (goes well in harness.)

A North China PONY, (well broken to Saddle.)

An English made DOG CART, new, with leather hood.

A Basket CARRIAGE.

Set of HARNESS, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

1788 Hongkong, 13th September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at Hongkong, China, on
MONDAY,
the 11th day of October, 1869, at 2 P.M.,
on board,
By order of the U. S. NAVY DEPARTMENT,—
The Steam Gun Boat
"UNADILLA,"
as she now stands, with the exception of her Armament and Stores, under the cognizance of the different Bureaus at Washington.

TERMS OF SALE.—Twenty-five per centum to be paid at the time of purchase in clean Mexican dollars, and the balance within ten days, in a sight draft of the Oriental Bank of Hongkong on the Bank of England.

Parties wishing to examine the vessel, can have that opportunity during five days prior to the day of sale.

By order of
Rear Admiral S. C. ROWAN,
Commanding U. S. Asiatic Squadron.
A. H. GILMAN,
Fleet Paymaster.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Commander on board.

1781 Hongkong, 17th September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, at noon, on
WEDNESDAY,
the 13th October, at No. 5, West Terrace, the residence of H. S. BAKER, Esq.—

The whole of the FURNITURE, *chiefly English-made*, comprising: Rep Covered Drawing-room and Arm CHAIRS in Walnut, Handsome Marble Top CENTRE TABLE, WHATNOTS, CARPETS, Cottage PIANO, Handsome Chimney GLASSES, Oil Painting by Greiul, CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS, Oil PAINTINGS, STATUETTES, LUSTRES, VASES and FLOWER STANDS, Skeleton CLOCK with SHADE, CHANDELIERS, Window CORNICES, BOOKS and Book CASE, Bagatelle TABLE.

Teak Dining TABLE and SIDEBOARD, Morocco Covered Dining and Arm CHAIRS in Mahogany, handsome Dinner SERVICE, Electro-plated DISH COVERS and SIDE DISHES, GLASSWARE, PUNKAH, and Ice CHEST.

A Set of Silver TABLE WARE.

Marble Top Dressing TABLES and WASHSTANDS in Mahogany, Cheval GLASS, BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES, Oak BOOKCASE, Toilet MIRRORS, TABLES, &c.

GOOD FOWLS in Coop, BEDS and CAGES, Flower POTS with Choice PLANTS, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

1805 Hongkong, 20th September, 1869.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

HER Majesty's Vessel *Rifleman*, and the Gunboats *Weasel* and *Bustard*, will be sold by Auction, at the NAVAL YARD, Hongkong, on
THURSDAY,
the 18th November, 1869.

The following are the particulars—

"*Rifleman*," 486 *Tons*, 100 *Horse Power*.—She is three-mast schooner rigged (standing Wire Rigging complete), has all her Masts and Yards, one suit of sails, two Anchors, one hundred and sixty-two fathoms of Chain Cable, Davits, Stanchions, &c. The Boilers (2) are good; but the Engines require repair.

"*Weasel*," 238 *Tons*, 60 *Horse Power*.—The Engines are in good working order. The Boilers (3) are unfit for high pressure. She has one Anchor, Chain Cable, one Downton's Pump; but no Masts, Yards, or Sails.

"*Bustard*," 234 *Tons*, 60 *Horse Power*.—Engines are in good working order. The Boilers (3) are considerably worn, but repairable. She has one Anchor, Chain Cable, Awnings, one Downton's Pump, and Firehearth; but no Masts, Yards, or Sails.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

ALFRED H. PRICE,
Naval Storekeeper.

NAVAL YARD,
Hongkong, 28th August, 1869. 1653

B. J. DORSEY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND INSURANCE AGENT,
41 and 42, *Merchants' Exchange*,
CALIFORNIA STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

References:—
ALLAN MCLANE, Esq., President, Pacific M. S. S. Co., New York.
LOUIS MCLANE, Esq., New York.
JOHN SADIE, Esq., President, United States Life Ins. Co., New York.
Messrs. BARRON & Co., San Francisco.
Messrs. C. ADOLPHE LOW & Co., San Francisco.
GEO. S. LANE, Esq., Agent, Pacific M. S. S. Co., Yokohama.
GEO. F. BOWMAN, Esq., Agent, Pacific M. S. S. Co., Shanghai. [ly 1337

LONDON INN AND BILLIARD ROOM,
Corner of Aberdeen Street and Queen's Road.

VISITORS will meet with every comfort in the above establishment, it having been thoroughly renovated.

Officers of ships accommodated on the most reasonable terms.

Hot and Cold Baths at all hours.

An inspection of the premises is respectfully requested.

G. W. SNELLING,
Proprietor.

1m 1705 Hongkong, 13th September, 1869.

Intimations.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the Shareholders of this Society will be held at the Head Office, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 4th day of October proximo, at three o'clock P.M., for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1869.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ROBERT WATMORE,
Secretary.

223 1761 Hongkong, 10th September, 1869.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer Books of the Society will be CLOSED from the 20th of September to the 4th day of October, 1869, both days included, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ROBERT WATMORE,
Secretary.

223 1762 Hongkong, 10th September, 1869.

NOTICE.

DENT & CO.'S ESTATE.

A THIRD DIVIDEND of Seven per centum upon the amount of all claims admitted by the Trustees, will be paid on the 25th September next.

On application at the Office of the Trustees, No. 7, Pedder's Hill, creditors will be furnished with warrants signed by the Trustees, which will be payable at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

384 1505 Hongkong, 7th August, 1869.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to THOMAS JAMES ROBERTS, late Moulder in Her Majesty's Naval Dock Yard, are requested to pay the amount forthwith. Persons having claims against him are requested to send in particulars of their claims on or before the 30th day of September, 1869, after which date no claims will be received or admitted.

D. ILLINGWORTH,
Executor.

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
Hongkong, 31st August, 1869. [1m 1678

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Transfer Books of this Company, will be CLOSED from the 22nd instant until the 6th proximo, both days inclusive.

A. NEWTON,
Manager.

273 1748 Hongkong, 9th September, 1869.

FOR SALE.

(Under power contained in the Mortgage Deed),

ALL those valuable Premises situate in Hongkong, abutting on *Queen's Road* on the South, and partly on the *Praya* on the North, formerly occupied by Messrs. Sharrit, KNIGHT & Co., and now in the occupation of Messrs. E. SCHELHAS

Docks.

THE UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG & WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE above Company having recently erected, at their Docking Establishment at Kowloon, *First Class Machinery*, are prepared to furnish *tenders* for the manufacture and repairing of *Boilers* of any *size*, and for the making or repairing of steam machinery (marine or stationary), or of sugar crushing, and refining machinery, Shafting, gearing, and every description of Factory or mill work undertaken.

A new Jetty is in course of completion, alongside of which vessels drawing 18 feet of water can lay at any state of the tide; attached to the Jetty are *shears* capable of lifting *Fifty Tons*.

ROB. S. WALKER, *Secretary.*

cf 1237 Hongkong, 24th June, 1869.

THE UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

THE Company call the attention of Ship Owners, Consignees, and Masters of Vessels to their establishments at HONGKONG and WHAMPOA, for the DOCKING and REPAIRS of Vessels of all classes.

At Hongkong the Company have the only Dock in the Harbour,—a granite Dock, solidly built, and of dimensions to admit ships of 350 feet in length, and drawing 22 feet of water.

Attached to it there are Shipwrights, Blacksmiths, Boilermakers, and Machinery works, and everything necessary for the repairs of Sailing Vessels or Steamers.

The Company have also opened a Ship Yard by the side of the HONGKONG DOCK, and are ready to contract for the construction of Steamers or Sailing Vessels of any size.

At Whampoa the Company will take Ships at reduced rates.

The Steam Tug *Little Orphan* can be engaged to tow Vessels to anchorth them, at reasonable rates.

For Particulars apply to

ROB S. WALKER, *Secretary*

Company's Office, Queen's Road, Corner of Ice House Lane.

cf 694 Hongkong, 8th April, 1869.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS are informed that the DOCK COMPANY'S ESTABLISHMENTS at the above Port afford every facility, at moderate charges, for

REPAIRING AND SPARRING VESSELS, AND CLEANING AND PAINTING IRON SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

THEIR LARGE GRANITE DOCK,

Has 280 feet length on the blocks, and at average spring tides can receive Vessels of 16 to 17 feet draught. It has a CAISSON GATE, AND POWERFUL CENTRIFUGAL STEAM-PUMP.

And an Engineers' work-shop fitted with Lathes and Tools, driven by steam. Iron and Brass Foundries, Boiler-makers' shop, a large Smithy, and Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' sheds. All superintended by resident Europeans.

Their two smaller GRANITE DOCKS can receive, at spring tides, Vessels drawing 12 feet.

Spars, Timber, and other Dock-yard material kept in stock.

Quarters for Officers, and a DRY GODOWN for STORES, of Vessels under repair.

cf 2317 Amoy, December, 1868.

FOOCHOW DOCK.

RIVER MIN.

THE above granite floored DOCK, of the following Demensions, viz.: Length, 300 feet, Breadth at Bottom, 40 feet, is capable of receiving Vessels drawing 18 to 16 feet, as the state of the Tides will allow. The Dock runs dry by the Blocks and is pumped out by Steam. The above premises comprise a large Machine-Shop, containing a

WITEWORTH'S 12-INCH SCREW CUTTING GAP LATHE,
DRILLING AND SHAPING MACHINES,
A LARGE SMITHY, &c., &c., &c.

Large Godowns are on the premises for STOWAGE OF CARGO, &c., &c. A large Stock of Woods, Metal, &c., &c., always on hand.

The Dock Steam Tug *Woosung* is available at all times to tow vessels to or from Sea, at current rates, on application to

JOHN O. SKEY, *Superintendent*

The list of Charges for lighting or remediating vessels can be obtained from

Messrs. DE SILVER & Co., Hongkong.
Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Shanghai.

cf 376 May2

NAGASAKI PATENT SLIP.

THIS SLIP is now available for docking Ships of 1,200 Tons or under, and all work connected therewith, as also, at the SHIPWRIGHTS, JOINERS, BOAT-BUILDERS, SPAR-MAKERS, and general departments is under experienced European Superintendence.

The SLIP has been most substantially constructed, in a perfectly land locked and secure position, and has been pronounced by competent authority as equal to any existing works of the same kind.

Charge, for three days' use of the Slip, One Dollar per ton; and all labour, materiel, &c., supplied on moderate terms. For further information, apply to

GLOVER & Co., *Managers.*

cf 927 Nagasaki, Japan.

NOTICE.

STAG HOTEL.

THIS Establishment having been entirely Refurnished and much improved, Visitors will now find it Replete with all the Comforts of any Hotel in the Celestial Empire.

Dinner, ... at 7 o'clock P.M.

WINES & SPIRITS

Being all imported by the Proprietor, are all of the best quality.

The Billiard Room contains two of HARRIS'S Patent Iron TABLES.

ICE CREAM DRINKS—ICE CREAM DRINKS—of all descriptions from 11 A.M. till 8 P.M.

J. B. WATSON, *Proprietor.*

cf 1571 Hongkong, 17th August, 1869.

KELUNG COAL COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to supply Steamers and Vessels with the best FORMOSA COAL at current rates, or to deliver the same under contract at any port in China.

The company having always a large quantity in store, vessels will not be subjected to any unnecessary delay.

DODD & Co., *Agents.*

cf 281 Kelung, 6th January, 1869.

The delivery of the *Daily Press* from this office commenced on Monday morning at 10.15, and the last messengers left the office at 10.40.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 21ST, 1869.

The point to which a correspondent in today's paper calls attention, in reference to the proposed trading route between India and China, is worthy of much consideration. It so frequently happens that, in matters of this kind, the event belies the anticipation, that speculation on the results of such changes, can only be made with considerable reservation, and with the consciousness that, however carefully theories may have been thought out, they cannot properly be looked upon as more than scaffold poles to a demonstration, and must not be mistaken for demonstration itself. It must, however, be confessed that, so far as it is possible to judge by past experience and by analogy, there seems to be every reason to conclude that the view propounded is substantially correct. Should a route such as that proposed be opened, it undoubtedly appears likely that, before long, it will divert a large quantity of the trade which now finds its way to ports on the Coast of China and to Hongkong. The question, however, must in part depend upon the modes of inter-communication that exist in China itself, and will not, as our correspondent appears to assume, turn merely upon the dangers of the China Seas and the fact that vessels would go to Rangoon or Calcutta in preference to coming to China. It is of course likely that produce will, in ordinary countries, find its way to the nearest port for shipment, but in China this is by no means necessarily the case, on account of the numerous considerations as to Transit Dues, &c., which here enter into the calculation. But even if it were so, it is likely that at least the supply of produce from the producing districts, which are contiguous to those ports, would go on in its old form for some time; and the general impulse that would be given to trade by commercial relations being established in the West, would probably cause such a change to be made in foreign trading relations generally, as more than to neutralize any tendency the new order of things might, but for that circumstance, have to divert business from its old channels.

A TERRIBLE suspicion with regard to the unfortunate loss of the steamer *Thunder*, is suggested by the last particulars which have come to hand. It appears that Captain Rodgers, of the steamship, *Lightning*, in charge of a party, comprising eight Europeans and ten natives, went to visit the wreck, but not being able to land on the south side of the island, owing to the heavy surf, they went in search of a sheltered bay on the other side, where they found mangrove trees and underwood growing densely to the water's edge. On reaching the land, the bow oarsman jumped on to the bank to draw up the boat, but, no sooner was his foot on shore than he was seized by a ferocious tiger, and, before a rifle could be raised, was carried into the interior of the jungle. Further observation proved the place to be swarming with tigers, while the ground was so swampy as to render an attempt to penetrate inland a matter of the greatest risk and difficulty. Captain Rodgers decided not to land; and, returning on board the tug, he proceeded to take observations from the bridge. He discovered the vessel to be about two miles inland, having one mast and one funnel only standing, and her bow well down in the mud, and he considers it will be necessary to wait until next monsoon before pursuing the investigation further. The jungle will then have to be burnt, in order to destroy the tigers and clear the way to the vessel. These circumstances lead to the painful surmise that it is possible the crew and passengers either perished from starvation, or fell victims to the tigers. Captain Rodgers afterwards visited the four refugee houses on the island, to endeavour to ascertain whether the provisions in them had been used; and found them all to be in an undisturbed state—a circumstance which seems to confirm the supposition that the unfortunate shipwrecked men were destroyed by the wild beasts. The storm wave is said to have risen 60 feet on the occasion of the wreck, and it had heretofore been thought that, on that occasion, all tigers on the island must have been destroyed, but such proves far from being the case. It is thought that if the ill-fated ship can be got at, the probability is that the log book will be found perfect to the last, and will give full details of this tragic affair.

The combination of Chinamen at auctions, noticed by one of the northern papers, as though it were only an occasional thing, is the ordinary rule with the natives, who, it may be taken for certain, generally act in cliques, and whenever opportunity offers, will come to a compromise, in order to bring the prices down. On some occasions this system works much injustice to the underwriters.

The public are indebted to "A," who called attention to a piece of wanton cruelty on the part of a Chinaman, who unmercifully thrashed two small boys for being unable to carry a heavy package, without letting it down. The question raised with respect to the Inspectors taking the Law into their own hands, as it is shown they did on the occasion under notice, is one of great importance, and deserves to be taken into serious consideration. It seems, from all accounts, that the Inspectors take upon themselves to do the Magistrate's duties, or rather to perform the functions of a species of Grand Jury.

The *S. C. & C. Gazette* contains a plea for Mr. Alexander Johnston's defence of the Model settlement by abuse of Hongkong, which seems to be singularly defective. It urges that the Duke of Somerset's charges being of a general nature, if any other place near to or remote could be shown to compare unfavourably with it, then the Duke's argument falls to the ground. The article then goes on to say it has nothing to do with statistics, which it leaves them to the Hongkong papers. Considering that the whole of Mr. Johnston's arguments were based upon statistics, which have been shown to be false, it may not unreasonably be supposed that he has not proved his case.

It is a very peculiar thing that all the improvements the Chinese from time to time seem inclined to adopt, are precisely in the direction of such things as they clearly do not want. A great blowing of trumpets is made, mandarins are feted, and so forth, because Mr. Porter, Commissioner of Customs at Tientsin, has got out some agricultural machines. It is stated this gentleman has done so at his own risk, but how the idea of investing in this special kind of machinery can have originated except with a view to induce the masses to believe that foreign appliances will be certain to do them injury, it is difficult to conceive, seeing that the machines can never pay on account of the extreme cheapness of agricultural labour in this densely populated country. The correspondent, who hopes the machines going to Pekin may be taken as an indication of progress on the part of the Chinese, must be a sanguine man.

An error with regard to the facts of the *Min* case was made in the paragraph referring to it in yesterday's paper. The money, on the filing of the Interpleader Bill, was not paid to the Official Assignee, but into Court. The fact, of course, does not detract from the force of the argument used; as, if the actual payment to the Official Assignee would not have been a legal payment, it is clear that it would be wrong to order it to be made. To avoid a misapprehension, it is right also to state that what is popularly spoken of as Chief-Justice Smale's decision in the original case, was that of the Special Jury, and that the refusal of the application for a new trial by him was made on consent of both parties, to avoid needless delay, as it was clear the case must ultimately go to the Privy Council.

Signor Raffael Abecco, who is well known in the United States, has arrived in Hongkong, and intends shortly to give a vocal and instrumental concert.

A correspondent makes a sensible protest against the insane practice of indiscriminately slaughtering birds in the colony, and it is to be hoped the representation will have the effect of putting an end to the evil.

The Band of the 75th Stirlingshire Regiment will perform at the Public Gardens to-day, commencing at 5.30 P.M. The following is the programme:—

Overture ..... *Giovanni D'Arco*	Verdi.
Quadrille ..... *Sweetberry*	Godfrey.
Selection ..... *Martha*	Wallace.
Waltz ..... *Juliet*	Coote.
Galop ..... *Top Top*	Godfrey.
God Save the Queen	

Great excitement appears to have been created among the officers of Her Majesty's Navy in Hongkong, in consequence of a new order issued by the Admiralty, with reference to the all important subject of shaving. It seems that the rule is now to be that Naval officers and men may: (a), shave their faces, in toto; (b) that they may shave both moustache and beard; (c) that they may remain in that state of hairiness in which it has pleased nature to place them. It is said that a lieutenant on board the *Racing*, bearing of the order, had the audacity to allow his beard to come into that peculiar stubbly condition that usually accompanies the process of "growing," when the punctilious captain was down upon him, the result being an official reference of the matter to the Commodore, who gave his decision in favor of the lieutenant. A compromise has been made, by which it is decided that no more "growing" is to be allowed in port; but, soon as the *Rodney* is again on the sea, the sea the open sea, stubbles, which it is hoped will result in luxuriant crops before the vessel reaches her destination, will be resumed.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MEETING.

A special general meeting of the members of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, at their office in D'Aguilar street. There were present, Hon. Wm. Keswick, chairman, Hon. R. Rowett, Messrs. Zimmern, Crickton, Baillie, Andre, Pyke, Kresser, Hitchcock, Heard, Delbanco, and Macaulay.

The notice convening the meeting having been read, the chairman remarked that the Committee had substituted the amended rule, contained in the notice, with a view to extend the usefulness of the Chamber, as well as to obtain the interest of all who were in any manner connected with the trade and commerce of China. It was most important that all such should be invited to join the Chamber, in order that its usefulness might be extended, and its influence strengthened. He begged to propose the following resolution:—

"That all Mercantile Firms and Persons engaged or interested in the trade of China, shall be eligible for admission as Members in the manner hereafter described, and on payment of $50 for Firms, and $10 for single individuals for the current year, and a like annual subscription, payable in advance on 1st January."

Mr. PYE seconded the resolution, which was thereupon unanimously carried. There being no further business, the meeting then separated.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

September 20th.

BEFORE C. MAY AND JAMES RUSSELL, ESQS.

CHIN-CHIN.

Lok-a-hing and Yeung-a-cheung, house coolies, were charged by Hoa-yuk P.C. No. 3, with firing crackers at the Bank Wharf on Saturday, about 3 p.m., and the defendants admitted that, by the orders of the compradore they were chin-chinning a friend who was leaving by the Peninsular Mail. Cautioned, and fined $1 each, or two days' imprisonment.

SUSPICIOUS OF MEMORY.

Thomas Williams, a Scotsman, aged 30, a seaman out of employment, was charged by Lum-a-ting with having ridden in his chair for three hours, during which time such a confusion came over his ideas that he could not make up his mind what to do, so at last a policeman intervened and locked the latter in a summary way, by putting him to bed at the Central Station. Defendant said the confusion was drunkenness, which had obliterated all the functions of memory. The magistrate freshened the "nip" by fining the defendant $1, or, two days' imprisonment.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

Sheik Cassim, of Madras, a watchman in the employ of Messrs. R. D. Sassoon & Co., was convicted upon the testimony of Sikh Abdullah, another watchman in the same employ, of having unlawful possession of one pair of trousers, and fined $10, or, in default, one month's hard labour.

FIGHTING.

Chun-a-wah and Chow-a-on were convicted of fighting and creating a disturbance in the Queen's-road East, at 11.30 A.M. of the 20th instant, and fined, the 1st defendant $1, or, three days, and the second, $3, or, seven days' imprisonment with hard labour.

ROBBERY.

Tang-a-kai, master of the Chun-fat-in hong in Bonham-street, whose business there he stated to be for the most part managed by an agent, charged Chun-a-yik, a shop coolie in his employ, with having stolen sundry clothes, the sum of $14, and a ball of opium, and taking and carrying away the same.

He had heard while in Canton of the robbery, and upon his arrival in Hongkong had learnt from a Chinaman that he was going to be brought to great extent. Upon the 15th, he himself happened to go to a brothel, when he noticed in a girl's room a small plant, a favorite tree, and upon asking the girl whence this tree came, she said that it was the gift of one of her admirers. After identifying the tree, he was permitted to carry it to his hong, when he taxed the prisoner with stealing it, the money, and the opium, as also the clothes, to all of which, except the latter, he confessed. The defendant having made confession to the various offences with which he stand charged, the clothes accepted, was sent to prison for six months, there during the hours of enforced labour to repent of his intimacy with prostitutes and fast young men, who give dinners, hoping for dinners in return.

Tung-yook-chung, aged 18, a servant, was convicted of having stolen from the office of the Registrar-General, and of having taken and carried away, one umbrella the property of Tang-uyan, and one umbrella and sundry other things the property of others.

This defendant, after having been given in charge to No. 64, a-lukong, on the 19th inst., and on his way to the station handed out the pawn ticket for the sergeant's umbrella, and on being taken back to the Court-house, found the ticket for the other things. Sentenced to four months, with hard labour.

SUSPICIOUS PERSON.

Cho-a-choy was charged by the Inspector of Buildings as a suspected person, with having been found within the walled compound of St. Stephen's College, being unable to give a good account of himself. According to Mr. Alford's statement, the enclosed space within the compound offers particular attractions to men who wish to indulge in the nutritial infirmity of slipping their shoes and rattling the bones in private. Chosen, was required to find security in $15 for one month.

LARCENY FROM A GARDEN.

Wong-a-kwei, a farmer of Toongkoon, was charged by Yip-a-yoo, a gardener of Lun-sang-wan, with stealing vegetables from his garden; he surprised the defendant in the very act of gathering them at the moment when his basket was about full.

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A MERCHANT.

Watson, of Calcutta, a seaman unemployed, by his own statement was convicted upon the testimony of Inspector Cradock, of begging in the streets, and sent to gaol for one month, or such shorter time as it may render it possible to ship him out of the colony as a rogue and vagabond.

A SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

SIR,—Permit me to suggest that when the moral machinery begins to revolve at the City Hall, and the lectures on Chemistry commence, there might be exhibited, with great profit to the Chinese students, a series of dissolving views of the great Gambling farm, for the purpose of explaining the change our great *vivisectionist* has wrought. Exeter Hall and the Social Science Association in a state of virtuous indignation, dissolving into Downing Street, terrified with joy and distilling with complacency at the shewing of a most ingenious man, that two wrongs can be juggled into such a spurious kind of right, as appears to satisfy a number of weak minded men, who can see no further than

JOSEPH SURFACE.

Hongkong, 20th September, 1869.

PROTECTION OF BIRDS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

SIR,—Now that the Legislative Council have resumed their labors, I wish, through your columns, to draw attention to a practice which I think ought to be put a stop to by some stringent enactment. I allude to the wholesale and heartless slaughter of the birds, which resort to the Island of Hongkong. They are few enough in all conscience, but some very beautiful ones only occasionally be seen. One would imagine that the residents would hail their arrival with pleasure, and do all in their power to protect them, and so induce a further migration. This, however, is far from being the case. A ruthless war is waged against all the feathered creation, especially on Sundays, when a host of sooty, hungry-looking gunners, seldom, I am happy to say, Englishmen, may be seen sallying forth with every description of fire arms, to shoot indiscriminately any bird that incautiously allows itself to be stalked to within an easy range of a yard or two. Nothing comes amiss; it may be a rare specimen of a dove, a kingfisher, a sparrow, or an unclean kite. They blaze away and bag triumphantly the trophies of their ignoble sport. This surely ought to be stopped, and quickly, or no birds will be left. In a small and not populous island like Hongkong, rare and birds ought to be specially protected. The former are by Ordinance, I hope the latter will soon be similarly treated. Let the would-be sportsmen go and indulge their love of destruction on the main land; but let it be an offence punishable by fine, for any one to shoot a bird on this island.

I remain, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

BIRD-FANCIER.

Hongkong, September 20th, 1869.

WESTERN CHINA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

SIR,—In previous letters I have urged on the notice of the Chamber of Commerce the importance of collecting practical information of the land and social condition of the South West of China, and of dispatching an expedition up the West River, and thence overland through Kwelchow into Yunnan, similar in formation and conduct to the late one from Shanghai to Ching-king-foo.

The last mail has brought news which shows that the subject of communication with Western China is attracting in England an increasing attention, and that the manufacturing classes of the country are growing more and more eager to see this accomplished. The debate in the House of Commons, on Mr. Baines' motion, and the articles published in the London Press, point with great force to the expediency of the measures I am pressing for adoption by our Chamber.

The value to England of the opening of the markets, which the West of China would without a doubt afford, is well appreciated at home; it is acknowledged in Parliament, and is not denied by the Government; but every effort of our merchants to bring about this "consummation devoutly to be wished" has hitherto failed, and will continue to fail, by reason of their object being pursued in absolute ignorance of its real nature. Their arguments have taken the simple rather of a blind guide fathered by their dreams, than of opinions and proofs based on knowledge of facts acquired by search and experience.

In a previous letter, I stated that the want of accurate and precise information about the places, people and products of Western China must render futile our efforts to reach them, or to change the present policy of H.M.'s Ministry, and would furnish Government with a very strong weapon of opposition. This is now verified, and obvious by what fell from Mr. G. Duff during the debate. In supporting Sir Stafford Northcote's defence of his stoppage of the survey to Yunnan after 245 miles of the route from Rangoon had been accomplished, Mr. G. Duff said—"Many of the Chambers of Commerce would give to the House of Commons any information whatever about the province of Yunnan, they (Government) would be extremely grateful, but if instead of giving them information they simply made themselves speaking trumpets, all they (Government) could do was to answer delicate letters with contrite sum of $14, and a ball of opium, and taking and carrying away the same.

He had heard while in Canton of the robbery, and upon his arrival in Hongkong had learnt from a Chinaman that he was going to be brought to great extent. Upon the 15th, he himself happened to go to a brothel, when he noticed in a girl's room a small plant, a favorite tree, and upon asking the girl whence this tree came, she said that it was the gift of one of her admirers. After identifying the tree, he was permitted to carry it to his hong, when he taxed the prisoner with stealing it, the money, and the opium, as also the clothes, to all of which, except the latter, he confessed. The defendant having made confession to the various offences with which he stand charged, the clothes accepted, was sent to prison for six months, there during the hours of enforced labour to repent of his intimacy with prostitutes and fast young men, who give dinners, hoping for dinners in return.

Tung-yook-chung, aged 18, a servant, was convicted of having stolen from the office of the Registrar-General, and of having taken and carried away, one umbrella the property of Tang-uyan, and one umbrella and sundry other things the property of others.

This defendant, after having been given in charge to No. 64, a-lukong, on the 19th inst., and on his way to the station handed out the pawn ticket for the sergeant's umbrella, and on being taken back to the Court-house, found the ticket for the other things. Sentenced to four months, with hard labour.

SUSPICIOUS PERSON.

Cho-a-choy was charged by the Inspector of Buildings as a suspected person, with having been found within the walled compound of St. Stephen's College, being unable to give a good account of himself. According to Mr. Alford's statement, the enclosed space within the compound offers particular attractions to men who wish to indulge in the nutritial infirmity of slipping their shoes and rattling the bones in private. Chosen, was required to find security in $15 for one month.

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A PLEA FOR MR. ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.

(N. C. & C. Gazette)

* * * We are not surprised by the vehemence with which the Hongkong journals joined issue on the question of comparative morality. It was naturally to be expected that they would maintain the claims to respectability on the part of their constituents, which Mr. Johnston's letter appeared to assault. But to us it does not seem that the selection of Hongkong for comparison implied an attack for its own sake on the morality of the southern colony. Here also there is a logical interpretation which Mr. Johnston's critics have overlooked, and with the less excuse as the reasons for selecting Hongkong were clearly assigned in the letter itself. The Duke of Somerset's charges were of a perfectly general character. Shanghai, according to him, is not one of the worst places, it is the worst. Its immorality is not merely remarkable, it is unparalleled. And therefore if any one place either near to, or remote from, Shanghai, could be proved to compare unfavourably with it, the Duke's assertions would fall to the ground. For the more general a calumny, the easier it is to combat it. The most insignificant instance in opposition, if properly substantiated is sufficient to overthrow the most universal proposition.

With the accuracy of figures we have nothing to do. Statistics are proverbially elastic, and may be made to prove almost anything. The examination of the premises upon which Mr. Johnston's conclusion is founded, is fairly the basis of the Hongkong papers, and to them we gladly leave it.

THE AGRICULTURAL MACHINES FOR CHINA.

(North China Daily News.)

TIENTSIN.

Wednesday, the 25th August, was a gala day to us here. We were then treated to a display of agricultural machinery worked by steam power.

Mr. James Porter, Commissioner of H.I.M. Customs, has the honor of having introduced these valuable articles into the north of China. The machinery was kindly set up, and worked on his occasion, by Mr. Taylor, Chief Engineer of the *Pautaijin*, in Mr. Herdtsoen's compound. Mr. Porter invited H.E. Chung-how and suite, most of the foreign Consuls and residents and commanders of steamers in port, to witness the working of the machines, also a numerous body of Chinese spectators. Several of the steamers and vessels were dressed for the occasion, and on the arrival of H.E., he was received by Mr. Porter and Mr. Taylor, and conducted, to his honor, the firing of which was kindly superintended by Captains Stocks and Spence. After witnessing the working of the beautiful little 2 H.P. steam engine, driving, at one time, a corn grinder, a straw cutter, and rice pump by Turford & Sons, Boston, England—all of which worked smoothly and well, evidently highly pleasing the company with the display,—the invited guests adjourned to a breakfast, which was apparently no less satisfactory than the working of the machine had been; several speeches suitable to the occasion were made.

Part of the same shipment of machines has been forwarded to Peking, and there set up and worked. Some of your valued correspondents from that quarter, I hope, will have given you an account of them. Mr. Porter deserves great praise for having introduced these things at his own risk and expense; and it is pleasant also to see that the Chinese government have made no objection to their introduction, even into Peking. May we be able to look upon the introduction of steam machinery into the capital, in so peaceful a manner, as the dawn of a better day for China.

PEKING.

Two steam-engines with two pumps and sundry agricultural implements to be worked by them, have been conveyed to Peking; and some of the wondering inhabitants of that city have witnessed the performance of these machines in dropping straw and grinding corn.

A rich Peking, usually known as Mr. Kuang, has gratified his love for foreign novelties by the purchase of one of these engines with its accompanying implements, and it was at his city residence that they were first seen at work. On September 4th, he invited a considerable number of foreign officials and other friends to breakfast, to share with him his gratification at the introduction of steam power into the metropolis. Among those present were the Russian Ambassador, Admiral Bitou von Petz, the Austrian Commissioner Dr. Schover, Baron Herbert, chief secretary, and French Chargé d'Affaires M. le Comte de Rochechouan, M. Bismarck, of the Prussian Legation, Mr. Baber, of the English Legation, and others.

This machinery was purchased by Mr. Commissioner Porter, of the Imperial Customs Service, from Messrs. Turford & Sons, of Boston, Lincolnshire, England, for the purpose of introducing it into Peking.

HOME OPINION OF CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(Shanghai Recorder).

There seems to be signs that the more respectable portion of the English press is awakening to the folly of the present Government listening to the empty plausibilities of Mr. Burlingame. The Quarterly *Globe*, a paper whose line been uniformly fair, criticises in an able article the present position of affairs, taking as its text the accounts of various journeys through the interior of China which have recently been issued in the form of a Blue Book. "From a very extensive and varied acquaintance with most of our readers are aware of the main facts elicited by Mr. Markham's journey through Shantung. Mr. Alabaster's expedition in the early part of last year has however not as yet been made known in any form to Chinese students; and, we shall look with interest for the arrival of a copy of the Blue Book giving utterance to the opinions of so able and clear headed a thinker. We have now in all events the explanation of the expression used by Mr. Gurney as a handle to his speech against Colonel Sykes, which, seen in its new light, while losing little of its absurdity, certainly cannot be made to bear the violent construction attempted by Her Majesty's Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Nothing is easier than for a stay-at-home critic to be addressed in language, originally at least intended to be opprobrious, and which is certainly in many, if not most, localities used deliberately with best meaning, it is the case that to many remote districts the mere echo of the phrase reaches in its meaning unaltered and unpenetrated. In one case the writer had to remain for some days weather bound at the head of a creek far in the interior. His presence was a source of wonder to all the inhabitants, none of whom had ever seen a foreigner before, and they evidently knew by intuition who he was. Under these circumstances a native lady, residing in a house close by, undertook to act the part of showman. "Have you seen the Kwei?" was her question to every new comer, and in case the answer was in the negative, the reproach to the rude stranger was, "Why don't you stand and wait, he'll presently put out his head." If the head was put out a burst of laughter was the usual response, but beyond this no rudeness of any sort was displayed. But if this is the case amongst people who have no acquaintance and habits of foreigners, the use of the word none the less points to an influence at work amongst those who have better means of knowing, and the gradual change in the spirit in which it is uttered will not unfrequently be found to proceed from the underlying consciousness with the various persons. In not so much is this the truth that it may be safely predicted that the more officials there are congregated about a city or district the more unfriendly will the attitude of the people be found, and the more opprobrious will be the epithets made use of. Next to Nanking, the seat of the Viceroy, no city in Kiangsu possesses so numerous a staff of mandarins as Tangchow, and recent events have rendered it notorious. The ill feeling has been growing, fostered under the shade of those who ought to have been the first to repress it. On a first visit to Tangchow, some four years ago the people were as civil as is usual in large Chinese cities, but the influence of the mandarins had been put in motion, and when Mr. Alabaster passed though, he found that there alone in his long journey from Chefoo to the Yangtsze had he to complain of his reception. A still more conclusive instance of the manner in which the ruling class endeavour to provoke ill feeling may be noticed from Mr. Markham's remark as to his reception in Shanghai. There, though provided with letters and being the acknowledged representative of Her Majesty, Mr. Markham found the mandarins with one exception determined to render his journey unpleasant. The exception in this case, however, proved the rule, being an official in high office at Tangchow, who was making an excursion or a pilgrimage to the Tai Shan, the holy mountain of China. Everywhere amongst the people he was received with kindness, while the descendant of the great sage himself treated him with marked honour. It is true in many cases, as stated by a writer in the *S. C. & C. Gazette*, that we have never become so thoroughly acquainted with the Chinese methods of thought as to fully comprehend whether the man we are speaking to respects or despises us, and in many cases we have only too much reason to know that the latter would be the more pleasing to himself. When we have said this we have said nearly enough. Every average Chinaman would willingly despise us if he could consistently do so, and we know that he is only too ready to boast among his compatriots that he does. In the majority of instances, and unless with men of lower mental calibre than usual, this desire is never fully satisfied. Our friend indeed talks high to his companions of the folly of our inventions, yet even here he has a reserve, is he has to make use of them. In more instances than the contrary it is the feeling of admiration which comes most natural to the ordinary Celestial, the other being only the effect of vicious methods of thought on a mind untrained to practical reasoning.

THE WOMAN OF THE FUTURE.

(Pall Mall Gazette.)

We of the present generation are disparing of tight-lacing mothers; but small waists, tight boots, and other abominations are no longer universal. Dress is much better adapted to out-of-door life than formerly. Etiquette has been relaxed, and our young women enjoy a freedom from physical restraint undreamed of by their grandmothers. Health has ceased to be the monopoly of the other sex. Still the majority of women lead far from wholesome lives; and as beauty is more or less a matter of health, too much can never be said against such abuses of it as are yet in fashion. The worst of those abuses is that they lead to a perversion of taste. Quite naturally the fugitive type of beauty has become the standard of the present day, and men admire in real life the lily-checked, small-waisted, diaphanous-looking creatures idealized by living artists. When we become unaccustomed to a milder kind of beauty we shall attain to a loftier ideal. Men will seek nobility rather than prettiness, strength rather than weakness, physical perfection rather than physical degeneracy, in the women they select as mothers of their children. Artists will rejoice and sculptors will cease to despair when this happy consummation is reached. Let none regard it as chimerical or Utopian. A very little rationalism brought to bear upon daily life would place physical well-being within reach of women of all ranks; and where health leads the way, beauty is seldom slow to follow. Few will deny that wisdom whose essence is common sense has a large share in determining the happiness of social and domestic life. Is it not reasonable to suppose that the various reforms in female education will have proportionate effect upon the female character, and that the woman of the future will differ from the woman of the present intellectually as well as physically? Steady culture, increased habits of self-reliance, wider views of life, and a keener appreciation of the truth for truth's sake, can but enlarge and elevate the whole sex. The fashions in female dress, as a more healthful mode of existence will invigorate and beautify the bodies of women, so a rational mode of existence will strengthen and improve their minds. Frivolity, pettiness, inactivity, and other faults of which men complain will make room for opposite qualities; and who shall aver this to be against the interest of humanity? Perhaps nothing causes more domestic unhappiness than downright silliness. A foolish wife will often bring more misery upon her husband's home, as a persistently evil-tempered one could do, and with the best intentions in the world is sure, to hinder and hamper him upon every occasion. Now silliness is the first stronghold of evil that a good system of education will storm. Just so long as girls are trained to frivolity and irresponsible habits from childhood upwards will they become frivolous and irresponsible wives and mothers. In granting, then, that the woman of the future must of necessity inherit a large share of physical and intellectual suggestion, we are led to extend the same happy prophecy to the moral faculties. Women often commit grave as well as small errors, not because they are perverse by nature, but because their reason is at fault; and they fail to recognize the proportionate relation of things. Again, habits of subservience induce a cowardly attitude of mind. Very few women have the courage to be individual. Very few women estimate their own lives of any value in the full and sense of the word. They know well enough that they have some use as wives, mothers, daughters; but that they can have any share in the well-being of the world does not occur to them. Self-development conveys to their minds something quite apart from the duty of wife, mother, or daughter, while the truth is that, self-development embraces every other duty. Ill, therefore, does it become those who satirize women to hinder any efforts made on their behalf, whether educational or social; always remembering this, however, that such efforts are likely to do very little good which tend to make of women weak imitations of men.

COMPETITION WALLAHS.

(Poona Observer, Aug. 7.)

When the various Governments in India were called upon by the Government at Home some time ago, to report upon the result of competition for admission to the Indian Civil Service, as illustrated by the conduct of the young men whom it sent out to India, and when the various local Governments in turn passed on the same command to their own chief mofussil officials, one remark cropped up, with a significant frequency, in the resulting reports. This was, that the young competition *wallah* was free-from, more well crammed, and clever but, void of self-possession, averse to, or afraid of, society, and who, although eminently respectable and industrious, seemed to show fellowship and to comport himself something after a fashion betraying either that he was diffident of himself, or afraid of other people. As a remedy against the increase of this kind of thing, which, with all due regard for juvenile modesty, we think can be carried a great deal too far, some of the reports proposed that, when the young men should be sent to the country, he should, in cases where such seemed expedient, as rapidly as possible, be transferred to some mofussil district, and go through a little immediate roughing in camp life, with any collector or sub-collector, who could be conveniently bothered with the task of looking after him. It was urged that this would, at once, bring him into contact with the least familiar features of his future career; would probably facilitate his acquaintance with the natives, and the customs and features of the country; and would prior to his being introduced to the society of a large station, afford him some conceptions as to what Indian social life is, and some acquaintances with horses, guns, and other matters, which are almost necessary adjuncts to an official existence upon country, provided that that existence bears any approach to the model which the men of Haileybury were wont to furnish. We thought at the time that this advice was exceedingly well based; and might be very advantageously adhered to. It is possible that because it is not amongst people who have to do with the Service, so far as its junior members are concerned, is apt to fall into a social repute, which is neither desirable nor to a great degree, deserved. But just as a few black splashes upon a white cloth more readily arrest the eye, than does the whiteness, however dazzling, of the remaining portions of it, so do the peculiarities of a few dozen unbroken competition

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overnments in India were vernment at Home some the result of competition Indian Civil Service, as duct of the young men dia, and when the various ion passed on the same chief mofussil officials, up, with a significant iting reports. This was, petition-walah was fre- crammed, or clever lout. verse to, or afraid of ugh eminently respec- seemed to show fellow- nself something after a er that he was diffident other people. As a re- ce of this kind of thing, rd for juvenile modesty, d a great deal too far. ompared that, when the the country he should, eemed expedient, as ra- referred to some mofus- ough a little immediate with any collector or e conveniently bother- king after him. It was t once, bring him into familiar features of his rchably facilitate his chives, and the customs untry; and would prior to the society of a large conceptions as to what some acquaintances with tters, which are almost ficial existence upon existence bears any ap- ch the men of Hailey- nish. We thought at e was exceedingly well ver advantageously ad- e that because it is not rviec, so far as its junior ed, is apt to fall into a neither desirable nor to rved. But just as a few white cloth most readily st the whiteness, however ng portions of it, so do w dozen unbroken com- endlessly into the midst and trivial society, f the place very much odly, than do the virtues r fellow who are being l. And as there is not, the model of old Hailey- n (a principle be established) eans of preventing the le from being leavened of the rabish, and prig- ng oddly overweighted ness) is certainly just uld be taken to coun- their good repute, and efficiency, which these nply. The more so, as with such entire ease. the three types of young plies. Let us suppose from a Somersetshire (choice to our readers) , say, the son of a bar't, although well brought n approaches that very e do not make his own is nobody else to make has no private means. So young X. being by some friend of the to read for the Indian ions, possibly with the r, who it may be is n. If he have good ap-

plication, and fair abilities, and a few years of steady reading raise him to a level of attainment, more solid and reliable, if less showy, than the gems of the crack cramming house—and when the time comes, he perhaps pays, what is his first visit to London, in presenting himself before the Board of Examiners. His success at Burlington House or wheresoever the examinations may happen to be conducted, is by no means assured. He is well read in classics and is perhaps a fair mathematician, which may have been his father's strong point; he may also be tolerably acquainted with French and German and English literature; and the subjects which in the pretentious of sham, so-called "collegiate institutes" are included queerly enough, under the heading of "English generally." But he finds, as he examines the papers placed before him, that questions are so framed as to demand more than a plain sound knowledge of the subjects to which they refer. They are designed to checkmate the cramming system, which, little by little, has driven their framers off the hard road of broad, well digested acquirements, into many brambly paths, which, if a man can prove himself to be at home in, is held to ton gnamu- tee that he is quite familiar with the hard road; although it by no means follows that because a man can not twist, and turn, and avoid the thorny catch questions which beset him in them, he must be poorly acquainted with the high road of the subject itself. X. therefore, finds that there are many questions in each paper, which seem designed to do something other than test his acquaintance with the subject to which they are supposed to relate; and, although he feels quite sure that, if he might criticise the question, and strip its meaning of verbal nonsense, he could render a very good account of it, he wisely resolves, as he cannot do so, that he will leave it alone. Or perhaps, for want of a crammer's hints as to how such a question should be briefly disposed of, he apprehends its demands as far as he can, and spends a long time in meeting them with a circuitous answer, which, although proving that he is up in the subject generally, is not really the direct reply required. However, in classics and thought, to a less extent, in mathematics, he is at home, and the examination finally gets itself finished, after which he betakes himself, with his country air, and odd fashioned clothes which have been well quizzed, to the paternal residence, to await the result. So much of an art has it become of late years to "get men through public examination," that it happens probably in at least eighty-five per cent. of the cases such as we have here supposed that the solidly endowed young aspirant is quite distanced by the champions of the cramming houses, and in cases where such a one does pass, he usually does so by the skin of his teeth, coming out dangerously close to the bottom of the list.

Having passed, however, he at once finds himself face to face with a new world; with a bright new outlook. He has, by one day's post, been converted from the lout of a country parsonage, who could not hand round the muffins at his mother's tea parties without blushing, nor return to the end from the wickets at cricket, after being bowled out, without looking acutely ashamed of himself, into a man, a government official, a member of a great historical service, with his name in the public journals, and before him a career full, as he believes, of romance and adventure. The path of Elphinstone and Burnes, of Conolly and Lawrence, lies more or less identically before him; and, from being merely "town parson's boy," as he has heard the young farmer bucks derisively call him, he finds himself upon a platform whence the greatest concourse and reverence of his past life, sink into utter insignificance. What, he thinks, is the outlook of those coarse young hawbucks, whose good word, or upprving "bravo!" on the cricket field, would have made him so happy a few months ago, when compared with that now spread out before him? All this he thinks, and his glory is complete when the great country town tailor takes his measure, for clothes, to be cut at his own suggestion, something more in unison with the fashion of the period. Perhaps before he leaves home he has begun to feel quite superior, and worldly. He has even been known to verge once or twice upon the cynical, and to sneer at the prejudices, and to laugh at the narrow views of men who never leave their Serpentry little neighbourhoods, or interest themselves in questions deeper than those which arise within the half dozen adjoining parishes. And, then, finally he leaves home, and finds himself, in due time, in the world aboard the P. and O. But here, for a space, we must leave him, to bring up our two types to the same point.

Horses in Calcutta have taken to wearing turbans. They are said to be very unsightly, but very useful. Chignons may come next.—*Athenæum.*

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

HONGKONG, MONDAY EVENING.

There has been a shade weaker feeling in the drug market throughout the day. The following are the ruling prices:—New Patna, $595½ to $597½; Old Patna, $545; New Benares, $550 to $552½, with more sellers than buyers; Malwa, $575, no stock.

There is scarcely anything to report in the way of business in the market for manufactured imports. There has been some little inquiry for Yarn, and a sale of 25 bales No. 38/42 at $160 to arrive is reported, but beyond this there have been no transactions to-day. Holders are very firm, and the above price shows a considerable advance on the last sale. The higher counts of the article are very scarce, and therefore command a little more favourable price. The whole stock of unsold Yarn now in the Colony in first hands cannot much exceed 1,200 or 1,300 bales. There has been nothing doing in piece goods. The following sales are reported since Friday last, 2,400 pieces 7 lbs. Grey Shirtings at $2.55 to $2.60, 3,500 pieces 8¼ lbs. at $2.87½ to $2.90, 400 pieces White Shirtings at $4.75, 1,300 pieces 6 lbs. T-Cloths at $1.85, 700 pieces 7 lbs. at $2.22½, 1,000 pieces English Drills at $4.87½, 1,300 pieces Long Ells at $7.70, 120 pieces Camlets at $16.20, and 250 pairs Blankets at $5.00, 100 bales 16/24s at $140, and 207 bales No. 28/32 at $145 to $150. Raw Cotton continues in demand, and prices are gradually stiffening. Sales to-day amount to 176 bales Bombay Staple at $23.00 to $25.00, and 411 bales Bengal at $18.50. There is nothing to report in shares.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—
Bank Bills, at 6 months' sight, 4/6 to 4/6½
Credits, at 6 months' sight..... 4/6½
Documentary Bills, at 6 months' sight..... 4/6½
Bank Bills on demand..... 4/6½
ON SHANGHAI.—
Bank, 3 days' sight..... 76
Private, 30 days' sight..... 76½
ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 3 days' sight 227
" BOMBAY.—Bank, 3 days' sight 227

SHARES.

Hongkong Bank Shares, Old... 28½ to 29 prem. [ex div.
" New...15 prem. ex-div.
H'Kong & W'poa Dock.....15 to 16 dis. ex-div.
H'Kong C'ton & Macao Steam Boat Shares..... 20 prem. ex div.
China Traders' Insurance Company's Shares.....$000 prem.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares.....$140 pr. per s.
Union Dock Shares..... 50 dis.
Hongkong Hotel Shares..... 50 to 60

SALES ON SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1869.

As reported by Chinese.

White Pepper, 25 bags, at $10.09, by Pookmow-loong to Shanghai merchant.

Black Pepper, 100 bags, at $8.25, by Pookmow-loong to Shanghai merchant.

Yellow Wax, 80 piculs, at $63.00, by Pookmow-loong to Canton merchant.

Dried Lily Flowers, 30 piculs, at $3.00, by mow-loong by retail.

White Birdnests, (3rd quality) 1 case, at $650.00, by Pook-mow-loong to Chinchow merchant.

Lead, 150 pigs, at $6.40, by Hop-hing to Chinchow merchant.

Vermicelli, 650 picals, at $7.80, by Hop-hing by retail.

White Sugar, 200 bags, at $5.30, by Hop-hing to Shanghai merchant.

Quicksilver, 125 flasks, at $62.20, by Parsee merchant to Canton merchant.

Quicksilver, 50 flasks, at $62.25, by Parsee merchant to Hongkong merchant.

White Wax, 3 pieces, at $171.00, by How-wo to Shanghai merchant.

T-Cloth, 3lbs., 600 pieces, at $1.25, by Parsee merchant to Hongkong merchant.

Vessels on the Berth.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.
THE Steamship
"DOUGLAS,"
Capt. Toppin, will have immediate dispatch for the above Ports.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
1783 Hongkong, 15th September, 1869.

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA, *(Direct).*
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamship
"CHINA,"
will leave for the above place shortly after arrival of the English Mail, due here on 23rd instant.
W. MACAULAY, *Superintendent.*
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 18th September, 1869. [1797

STEAM TO SHANGHAI.
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamship
"ADEN,"
will leave for the above place about 24 hours after arrival of the English Mail, due here on 23rd instant.
W. MACAULAY, *Superintendent.*
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 18th September, 1869. [1798

FOR NEW YORK.
THE American ship
"GOOD HOPE,"
D. K. Moore, Master, will load at this and Whampoa for the above port, at current rates, and have quick dispatch.
For Freight, apply to
OLYPHANT & Co.
1782 Hongkong, 15th September, 1869.

FOR NAGASAKI, *(Direct),*
THE First-class British schooner
"CITY OF NIAGARA,"
will load with quick dispatch.
For Freight, apply to
MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.
1770 Hongkong, 14th September, 1869.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
THE American Barque
"GALVESTON,"
Briard, Master, will follow the *North Star* for the above port, and have dispatch.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
1766 Hongkong, 4th September, 1869.

FOR MANILA.
THE Spanish Ship
"ALAVESA,"
Ynurieta, Master, will have quick dispatch for the above port.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
REMEDIOS & Co.
1692 Hongkong, 3d September, 1869.

FOR SYDNEY, *Direct.*
THE Clipper Barque
"ISLE OF FRANCE,"
Capt. Sinclair, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have immediate dispatch for the above port.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
ROZARIO & Co.
1691 Hongkong, 31st August, 1869.

FOR NEW YORK.
THE North German barque
"DOCTOR PETERMANN,"
Fredericks, Master, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will load here and at Whampoa, and have immediate dispatch for the above port.
For Freight, apply to
OLYPHANT & Co.
1583 Hongkong, 10th August, 1869.

FOR NEW YORK.
THE American ship
"ROME,"
3/3 A 1, at Veritas, will have dispatch from Whampoa for the above port, and has room for a limited amount of freight at $1.17½ per ton of 40 feet.
For Freight, apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
Im 1609 Hongkong, 23rd August, 1869.

FOR MELBOURNE, *(direct),*
(To follow the "Marquis of Argyle.")
THE Clipper Ship
"JOSHUA BATES,"
Capt. J. L. B. Brown, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have a quick dispatch for the above ports.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
ROZARIO & Co.
1498 Hongkong, 7th August, 1869.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
THE A 1 British ship
"ROXBURGH CASTLE,"
1,002 Tons Register, Captain Dinsdale.
Apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
East Point, 18th September, 1869. [1800

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
THE A 1 British Barque
"ELEANOR,"
Probin, Master, of 429 tons register. Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
1771 Hongkong, 14th September, 1869.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
THE A 1 British ship
"OLYMENE,"
Morgan, Master, of 745 tons register. Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
1772 Hongkong, 14th September, 1869.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
THE A 1 British Barque
"KILLARNEY,"
Hone, Master, of 432 Tons register.
Apply to
BIRLEY & Co.
1623 Hongkong, 24th August, 1869.

ORIENTAL BOWLING ALLEYS AND BILLIARD SALOONS,
4, WELLINGTON STREET.
Wines and Spirits of the First Quality.
1 D. BROWN & Co., *Proprietors,*
672 Hongkong, 5th April, 1869.

E. R. HANDLEY,
(LATE PATERSON & HANDLEY,)
HOUSE & SHIP PLUMBER, COPPER-SMITH,
ZINC WORKER, AND GAS FITTER.
16, *Queen's Road West.*
1014 Hongkong, 25th May, 1869.

NOTICE.

RENTS AND ACCOUNTS COLLECTED with despatch, and DISTRAINT WARRANTS FOR RENT issued and executed.
SECURITY IF REQUIRED.
THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, Wyndham Street.
338 Hongkong, 18th February, 1869.

THE TOURISTS' GUIDE.—POCKET FORM.
REDUCED PRICE $1.
Containing the names of all the Articles of Trade, objects of Natural History, Furniture, &c., &c., with the Punti, and Mandarin Pronunciation.
Also a few copies of the GRAMMAR of the Chinese Language, in two Parts.
The Daily Press Office.

AL FRESCO.
ALWAYS on hand, all kinds of Fancy Silk Coatings, Crape Shawls, Silk Handkerchiefs, Grass Cloth, Fine Ivory wares, Tortoise-shell wares, Lacquer wares, Crockery, and other Goods, for Sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars, apply to
TOE-SHING,
No. 58, Queen's Road Central.
Im 1640 Hongkong, 27th August, 1869.

榮 煤 油 榮
WING-KEE COAL SHOP.
THE Proprietor of WING-KEE Shop begs to inform the Public that his Shop has been established since 1855, at *Endicott's Lane*, and that he has always a great quantity of Best COAL in store for Sale. Gentlemen or Shipmasters wishing to patronise him, are requested to apply at his shop.
1471 Hongkong, 6th March, 1869.

Vessels Advertised as Loading.

Destination	Vessel's Name	Captain	At	For Freight Apply to	To be Dispatched.
NEW YORK	Doctor Petermann	Fredericks	Whampoa	Olyphant & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Good Hope	D. K. Moore	Hongkong	Olyphant & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Rome		Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SYDNEY	Isle of France	Sinclair	Hongkong	Rozario & Co.	Quick dispatch.
MELBOURNE	Joshua Bates	J. L. B. Brown	Hongkong	Rozario & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Galveston	Briard	Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	Quick dispatch.
MANILA	Alavesa	Ynurieta	Hongkong	Remedios & Co.	Quick dispatch.
NAGASAKI	City of Niagara		Hongkong	Morgan, Lambert & Co.	Quick dispatch.
YOKOHAMA	China (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick dispatch.
SHANGHAI	Aden (str.)		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick dispatch.
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW	Douglas (str.)	Toppin	Hongkong	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Quick dispatch.

For Sale.

SAYLE & CO.,
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,
LINEN DRAPERS, SILK MERCERS, TAILORS, HABERDASHERS, OUTFITTERS, &c. &c.
Would call attention to their undermentioned Departments, which are now unusually well assorted with their new designs for the Spring Trade.
CLOTHS and TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
BLACK AND BLUE BROAD CLOTHS AND DOESKINS.
NAVAL AND MILITARY CLOTHS.
FANCY DOESKINS, TWEEDS.
c/a COATINGS.
And a large Assortment of the newest designs, in suit lengths only.
PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNELS.
WHITE DRILLS & DUCKS.
FANCY AND PLAIN COLORED DUCKS, WHITE AND COLORED MARSELLA QUILTINGS AND VEGSINTS.
The Cutting Department under the superintendence of practical West End CUTTERS.
HOSIERY.
GENTLEMEN'S COTTON, LISLE, & SILK SOCKS, in every size.
LINEN COLLARS, in all the newest shapes.
WHITE AND COLORED PAPER COLLARS.
GENTLEMEN'S INDIA GAUZE, MERINO SILK & WOOL & SILK UNDER VESTS.
LONG CLOTH AND CRIMEAN SHIRTS.
A large Assortment of PAJAMAS.
SILK & CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, SCARVES AND TIES, *of the newest designs.*
HATS.
GENTLEMEN'S BLACK PARIS, DRAB, BEAVER, AND FELT HATS.
BLACK AND DRAB STIFF AND SOFT FELTS.
NAVY AND SCOTCH CAPS.
STRAW HATS.
WALKING STICKS AND UMBRELLAS.
DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS & NAPKINS, in all sizes.
8/4 and 10/4 DAMASK, by the Yard.
WHITE & BROWN TURKISH TOWELS AND BATH SHEETS.
LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.
QUILTS AND COUNTERPANES.
MUSLIN AND LACE CURTAINS.
WORSTED DAMASKS AND REPS.
VICTORIA, REP, PRINTED AND EMBROIDERED TABLE COVERS.
BLANKETS, MOSQUITO NETS.
MATS AND MATTINGS.
OIL CLOTH, LEATHERS, AND FLOOR CLOTHS.
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT,
CORNER OF NANKIN AND SZECHUEN ROADS, SHANGHAI.

FOR SALE.
DOMECQ'S SHERRY, bottled by Henry Bitchie.
Palacio & Co., of Xeres.
DRY AMONTILLADO SHERRY.
Blandy and Cavenne's
CLARET and COGNAC
Apply to
A. G. HOGG & Co.
914 Hongkong, 27th January, 1869.

FOR SALE.
A FEW Cases very Choice SHERRY
"CARTE BLANCHE."
"CREME DE ANDALUSIA,"
Price $20 per dozen.
Also.
Pale Dry SHERRY,
At $19 per dozen.
J. M. ARMSTRONG.
1489 Hongkong, 5th August, 1869.

FOR SALE.
YELLOW Metal, 18 to 28 oz., Muntz and Vivian's.
JOHN BURD & Co.
670 Hongkong, 9th April, 1869.

FOR SALE.
BITTER BEER, in Hhds.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
1009 Hongkong, 28th May, 1869.

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE and PORTER.
DAVID CORSAR & SONS'
Merchant Navy
Navy Boiled } CANVAS.
Long Flax
Crown
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
1130 Hongkong, 11th May, 1867.

FOR SALE,
DRAUGHT PORTER, in Kilderkins.
Apply to
HOWARD HODGES.

FOR SALE.
YELLOW METAL, 16 to 28 oz., and NAILS.
Apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
1760 Hongkong, 16th September, 1868.

TATHAM'S BRANDY in 1 doz. cases.
" SHERRY " 3 "
" PORT " 2 "
" CLARET " 1 "
BIRLEY & Co.

FOR SALE.
100 Bls. Hamburg Mess BEEF, of superior quality, ex late arrivals.
F. BLACKHEAD & Co.
1165 Hongkong, 20th September, 1869.

FOR SALE.
FRESH CALIFORNIAN HAY and OATS.
RUSSELL & Co.
1610 Hongkong, 23rd August, 1869.

FOR SALE,
Just landed, ex "Isabella Bulley."
CAMERON and SAUNDER'S Bass's PALE ALE, in pints and quarts.
F. Friend & Co.'s Bass's PALE ALE, in pints and quarts.
GUEDES & Co.
1757 Hongkong, 11th September, 1869.

FOR SALE.
Just landed ex "Champion."
BEST PALE SHERRY, in 1 and 3 dozen Cases.
Best OLD PORT, in 1 and 3 dozen Cases.
Light and Pale Pure BURGUNDY, in dozen Cases.
J. & F. Martell's BRANDY.
GUEDES & Co.
1723 Hongkong, 7th September, 1869.

FOR SALE.
BOMBAY COTTON WASTE, in Bales.
CASTOR OIL, for Machinery, in cases of 4 tins each.
GUEDES & Co.
1740 Hongkong, 9th September, 1869.

For Sale.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!
RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.
MUST BE CLOSED ON 1ST MARCH, 1870.
A. ULLMANN begs respectfully to inform his friends and the Public of Hongkong, that he is selling off his valuable Stock of Clothing, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Watches, Chains, Perfumery, and other Articles at Invoice prices, in consequence of his retiring from business. The above stock comprises a fine assortment of new goods, ex late arrivals, also a superior stock of Japanese Ware.
All outstanding accounts must be paid, and all claims collected, before the above date.
Nos. 95 and 98, Bazaar Burgeyne,
Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
N.B. Hongkong, 19th August, 1869.

FLOWERS & Co. have now landed, ex *Dunmail*, and other late arrivals—
Hogsheads BASS'S ALE.
Barrels do.
Kilderkins do.
BASS'S ALE, in pints and quarts.
Guinness's STOUT, in ditto.
Pale SHERRY, Old PORT.
CHAMPAGNE, in pints and quarts.
Sparkling and Still HOCK.
York HAMS and Cheddar CHEESE.
American BUTTER.
Also,
Galvanized Iron WIRE ROPE, from 1 in. to 4 in.
Galvanized Iron JIB HANKS, from 2 in. to 3½ in.
PAINTS and OILS, CANVAS and TWINE.
Preserved MEATS, SOUPS, and FISH.
OILMAN'S STORES.
Fairbank's SCALES, 2,000 and 2,500 lbs.
Enfield Converted Breechloader RIFLES, with Ammunition complete.
And
on "*Carmarthenshire*,"
Hennessy's BRANDY, in cases.
1303 Hongkong, 5th July, 1869.

Ex "Dunmail" and "Overland Mail."
MISS ROSE has just received a Choice Assortment of Ladies' BONNETS and HATS, Tulle HAT and Bonnet SHAPES, Infants' white silk BONNETS and HOODS, Children's Sun HATS in all sizes.
Satin and Taffeta SASH and other RIBBONS, in great variety.
BELTING in all shades.
Black and colored FICHUS.
Blonde LACES.
Muslin INSERTION and TRIMMINGS.
French FLOWERS, OSTRICH & FANCY FEATHERS.
Berlin Wool Work, Smoking CAPS, &c. &c.
Ladies' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES.
HENDRIE'S PERFUMERY, &c. &c. &c.
WELLINGTON STREET,
Opposite the Catholic Chapel.
1643 Hongkong, 27th August, 1869.

FOR SALE.
YELLOW METAL, 16 to 28 oz.
RED COPPER SHEATHING.
SHEATHING FELT.
WIRE ROPE.
PAINTS.
Burgundy Clicquot's CHAMPAGNE.
Kennedy's SHERRY.
J. W. Burdett's HOCK.
GENUINE MADEIRA.
CARLOWITZ & Co.
1334 Hongkong, 11th August, 1869.

FOR SALE,
Ex ship
200 TONS Cardiff Patent FUEL.
350 Tons best English COAL.
CARLOWITZ & Co.
1767 Hongkong, 13th September, 1869.

FOR SALE, at the VICTORIA FOUNDRY, *Spring Gardens:*—
25 tons of ¼ SHEET IRON, 6 by 2 to 8 by 4.
15 " ⅛ " "
15 " ¼ " "
25 " ½ Staffordshire SCRAP.
20 " ½ " LOWMOOR, of sizes.
BAR IRON, from 1 to 5 inches round.
FLAT IRON, of all sizes.
2,000 Bolts FIRE BRICKS, from 2 to 3½ of lengths.
1 Patent fan Blast ENGINE, and fan and same foundation to melt 3 tons per hour. Cost Price, $900 dollars.
2m 1732 Hongkong, 8th September, 1869.

FOR SALE,
Ex Chetah, British Empire, Invincible, and others, at *Moderate Prices.*
NEW INVOICES OF CHAMPAGNE, &c., &c., &c.
Heidsieck & Co.'s Dry MONOPOLE, in quarts and pints, first-class Dry Wine.
Perrier, Jouët & Co.'s Pale CREAMING, in quarts and pints, first-class Dry Wine.
De St. Marceaux & Co.'s CARTE BLANCHE, in quarts and pints, first-class Dry Wine.
Reimart Pere and Fils CARTE BLANCHE, in quarts and pints.
EUGENE CLIQUOT, in quarts, pints, and half-pints.
Vin Dry MOUSSEUX.
ADOLPH COLLINS, in pints.
White & Co.'s pale dry SHERRY, white seal.
Duff Gordon's do. do. " "
very dry.
Duff Gordon's do. do. yellow "
" do. do. red "
BASS & Co., in Wood and Bottle.
BARCLAY, PERKINS & Co., in hogsheads.
Guinness's extra Dublin STOUT, by E. & J. Burke, in quarts and pints.
Ginger BRANDY, Ginger WINE, Orange BITTERS.
Kinahan's LL WHISKEY, in glass.
OM Scotch Ivory do. " "
Hennessy's BRANDY, Swinne and Board's Old Tom GIN.
TRUFFELS, in ½ & ⅛ tins, truffled PATES do.
Patent GELATINE, Lost SUGAR.
Tweesheuve FRUITS, in juice and brandy, do. JAMS and JELLIES.
CROSSE AND BLACKWELL'S OILMAN'S STORES, comprising every requisite for *Families and Messes.*
Compton's HAMS, CHEESE, BACON, in tins.
Preserved MEATS, in 1lb., 2lbs., 4lbs., and 6lbs. tins.
SOUPS, FISH, GAME, and VEGETABLES of every description.
Yellow Split PEAS, Regulation LIME JUICE.
BLACK LEAD, PLUMBAGO, PUMMYSTONE, &c., &c.
At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
1668 Hongkong, 31st August, 1869.

FOR SALE,
Just received, ex Mail Steamer.
BILLIARD CLOTHS, of the best quality.
STAG HOTEL.
1572 Hongkong, 17th August, 1869.

FOR SALE,
ex "Ste. Geneviève" and "Carmarthenshire."
CHAMPAGNE, Max. Sutaine Cabinet, Benj. and Eug. Perrier, Cabinet Eug. Perrier.
And, a few cases of superior COGNAC (fine Champagne). Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
1336 Hongkong, 9th July, 1869.

NOW READY
BOUND VOLUMES of the TRADE REPORT for the year 1868. Price $10.
Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.
Hongkong, 2nd February, 1869.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.
ALEXANDRE BOYER
HAS just received, by *French Mail*, a New Assortment of French GOODS.
Fancy Muslin WORK and INSERTIONS.
Ladies' French BOOTS and SHOES.
Gentlemen's French BOOTS and SHOES.
Fancy Printed CAMBRICS, for Morning Wrappers.
RICH PLAIN BLACK SILKS.
Fancy SILKS, for Dresses.
A large Assortment of White and Fancy MUSLINS.
Black and Fancy TRIMMINGS, for Dresses.
French CAMBRICS. White PIQUES.
Trimmed White Muslin and Tulle BODIES, for Morning and Evening wear.
Black Lace and Fancy JACKETS.
French HATS and BONNETS, of the Newest Styles.
French CORSETS and CRINOLINES.
GRASS HOLLAND, for Morning Dresses.
FRENCH FOULARDS.
FRENCH BLACK CASHMERE
BLACK FRENCH MERINOS.
FRENCH IMPERIAL CLOTH.
English Silk and Woollen PARAMATTAS.
Also,
A large Assortment of RIBBONS.
LADIES' STOCKINGS, English and French.
A large Selection of FANCY CLOTHS, For GENTLEMEN'S Suits.
GENTLEMEN'S FELT HATS.
GENTLEMEN'S FRENCH SHIRTS and COLLARS.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S GAUZE UNDER VESTS.
SHEETINGS, ENGLISH WOOLLEN BLANKETS, and COUNTERPANES.
FRENCH SPRINGS for Beds and CANOPIES.
The DRESS-MAKING being under the Management of an EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER, who has great taste.
French and English PERFUMERY, from the best LONDON AND PARIS HOUSES.
Corner of Wellington and D'Aguilar Streets.
834 Hongkong, 24th July, 1869.

FOR SALE,
Ex "samuel Russell."
BORDEN'S Condensed MILK (Fresh).
Ex "Chusan."
Prime York HAMS, Wiltshire CHEESE, Scotch SALMON, Findon HADDOCKS and LOBSTERS, in 1 lb. Tins. Also a choice variety of SOUPS, in 1 lb. Tins.
Bass's ALE, in Hogsheads.
Apply to
J. F. ROSE,
Wellington Street.
1250 Hongkong, 30th June, 1869.

FOR SALE.
CHAMPAGNE, of Jules Mumm & Co.'s and De St. Marceaux & Co., in qts. and pts.
SHERRY, Chillingworth's, Ritchie, London Club, and other brands.
DRAUGHT ALE, of Allsopp's, Dawson, and Younger.
BOTTLED ALE, of Bass and Allsopp.
STOUT, in quarts and pints.
Also,
Small Invoices of WIRE ROPE, Boiler and Roofing Felt. Apply to
ROB. WALKER & Co.
1496 Hongkong, 7th August, 1869.

FOR SALE.
CHAMPAGNE:—
ROEDERER CARTE BLANCHE.
ROEDERER CARTE BLANCHE DORE.
ROEDERER GLADIATEUR.
SANDER & Co.,
Sole Agents for Hongkong and China.
1394 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1869.

FOR SALE.
THE desirable PROPERTY on *Queen's Road*, lately occupied by Messrs. SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
For particulars, apply to
SMITH, ARCHER & Co.
2052 Hongkong, 10th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.
BEATO'S Japanese VIEWS and COSTUMES.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
1614 Hongkong, 27th August, 1869.

FOR SALE,
SUPERIOR Cavite and Manila CIGARS and CHEROOTS, No. 2. Apply to
REMEDIOS & Co.
1588 Hongkong, 19th August, 1869.

FOR SALE.
MUNTZ'S YELLOW METAL, 20/28 oz. and NAILS.
Also,
Vivian's Patent YELLOW METAL KEEL PLATES, 12 lbs. and 13 lbs., with NAILS.
Apply to
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
3000 Hongkong, 28rd October, 1868.

FOR SALE.
ALL descriptions of ACCOUNT BOOKS, of English manufacture.
Prices Moderate.
NORONHA & SONS,
895 Hongkong, 5th May, 1869.

FOR SALE.
MANILA HARD WOOD, consisting of MOLAVES, BANABAS, ARANGAS, and other descriptions.
Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
1502 Hongkong, 12th August 1869.

NOW READY
THE HOUSEHOLD COMPANION AND STUDENT'S FIRST ASSISTANT,
By Dr. DEVAR, with many Additions, Corrections, and Dr. WILLIAMS' Orthography.
PRICE: In Paper Wrappers.....$1.50
Neatly Bound.....$2.00
Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.

FOR SALE.
T. AND D. HENRY'S Best Government Navy CANVAS, constantly on hand.
At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
2352 Hongkong, 15th December, 1868.

For Sale.

FOR SALE,
To close Consignments.
SOUND Breakfast and Dinner CLARETS.
St. Emilion, at $3 per dozen.
Haut do. " 4 "
Doubtful Claret " 4 50 "
Chateau Larose " 5 "
At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
1390 Hongkong, 12th July, 1869.

KANGAROOS FOR SALE,
JUST Arrived, ex *Jubilee*. Apply to the Captain.
1786 Hongkong, 9th September, 1869.

HONGKONG BAKERY,
(Opposite to the Oriental Bank Corporation),
QUEEN'S ROAD.
THE Undersigned begs to inform the public of Hongkong, and Ship-masters in the harbour, that he is prepared to furnish daily supplies of soft Bread No. 1 and No. 2, in various forms, to residents in any part of the Colony, as also on board any vessel in the harbour. Also ship's Biscuits of best quality, at low rates, constantly on hand, or baked in quantities at short notice, all made by machinery. Flour of best brands supplied in Barrel, Bag or Pound.

BREAD.				BAKERY.	
Square Loaf, 1st sort			P lb.	Current Cakes	P doz.
" 2nd "			"	Cheese "	
Cottage "			"	Sponge "	
French "			"	Bun "	
Brown "			"	Large Macaroons	
Twist "			"	Sliced "	
Breakfast & Dinner Rolls			"	Small "	
Muffins "			"	Raspberry " Jam Puff	
BISCUITS.				Milk "	
Ship's Biscuits			P lb.	Raspberry " Tartlets	
Cabin "			"	Chicken or Mutton Patties	
Best Water Biscuits			"	Mince Pies	
Sweet "					
Finger "				DISHES.	
Butter "					
" Biscuits			"	Almond Pudding	P plate
Sweet Rusk			"	Lemon "	
Milk "			"	Rice "	
Plain "			"	Brewis "	
Bread Toasts			"	Custard "	
Biscuit Powder			"	Tapioca "	
CAKES.				Sago "	without custard
Plum Wedding Cakes			P lb.	Mutton Pie	
Cakes "			"	Chicken "	
				Pigeon "	
Seed "			"	English Fruit Tart	
Shrewsbury Cakes			"	Country "	

For List of Prices apply at the Office.
All of the above articles guaranteed to be of the best quality.
Orders faithfully and promptly attended to.
The Undersigned, by strict attention to business, hopes to merit a share of the public patronage.
D. NOWROJEE.
1142 Hongkong, 12th June, 1869.

THE LONDON AND CHINA HERALD.
A PAPER published for transmission by each outgoing Mail to China and Japan, containing Mercantile Intelligence and Political information, especially collated, arranged, and compiled for the use of the foreign communities in those Countries.
SUMMARY

Extracts.

Oxford.

(Macmillan's Magazine.)

Nobody will deny that it is quite possible now-a-days to have unfashionable habits of thought, and even an unfashionable conscience. A man soon learns to regulate his thoughts, words, and deeds by those of his neighbours. He treats himself as he treats his watch, and puts himself on or back, according as he is slow or fast in comparison with others. This principle is very much aided at Oxford by constant intercourse; sharp corners are very quickly rubbed off. It is useless to attempt more than a faint resistance to this assimilative process. In a state, as it were, of moral alliteration, if one cannot be liquid, it is better to be mute. Fashion, of course, in all places has its advantages as well as its drawback; it is not surprising that of Oxford undergraduate customs some should be bad and some good. A very bad symptom of the state of things in Oxford at present is the growing fondness for the use of slang. Now slang would be very well in its way, if it were made amenable to judicious improvement. But a set of slang expressions have grown up at Oxford lately, which are utterly without humour, and which seem to have no meaning at all. These are generally used in silly imparies; and a joke, made originally with some apt flexibility, is not unfrequently established as a conventional trick of expression, which is used by everybody till it becomes wearisome, and at last goes out of fashion. Again, many undergraduate customs seem contrived, unlike clubs, to keep men apart who would otherwise meet. Two Oxford men, who are perfectly well known by sight to each other, will sit together in a railway carriage as silent as if talking, like smoking, were forbidden upon the company's premises. Two acquaintances, who are probably very good friends, pass one another in the street with so shamfaced a recognition that it might be supposed that each had recently detected the other in the act of stealing his spoons. Not long ago, if two undergraduates ran foul of one another upon the river, they would have expressed themselves in language as unparliamentary as if they had been speaking across the table in the House of Commons. This practice has been happily put down by public opinion. On the other hand, some Oxford customs are good, and could well be spared. For instance, an undergraduate is the most hospitable creature in the world. He entertains everything but ideas of economy. An undergraduate with a large circle of acquaintances lives in a constant round of invitations. Still, however pleasant this may be, it can be carried too far; hospitality, when continuous, is not likely to be disarmed. Another very fashionable virtue at Oxford is muscular energy, which may be defined as "a formed state or habit which deliberately chooses to take exercise in the afternoon." It is considered absolutely immoral at Oxford to spend a whole day indoors. For rowing men there is, of course, the river; and these, the whole year round, are assiduous in their worship of Isis. Others, who take no interest in the boats, or who hastily complain "*Mentem Pere dictere Carinæ*," will patronize the cricket-field or the running-ground, easily accessible by cabs and pony-phaetons. In the winter, if there be no skating, and in wet weather, racquets, tennis, fives, or billiards become the rage. Undergraduates who are so incompatibly between sward and gown become volunteers. Some men keep boxers, or have them; others practice at Mr. Maclaren's gymnasium; others take constitutionals to Headington or Shotover. Recently, Oxford men have been bitten with the velocipede mania, and they are seen now-a-days, in the suburbs and even in the streets, adventuring themselves on bicycles. In short, in some form or another, all young Oxford takes regular exercise; and the habit of improving the mind at the expense of the body is going steadily out of fashion.

In a discussion upon Oxford ethics the subject of Oxford politics may be introduced without an apology. Oxford undergraduates as a rule are Conservatives. Of these, some of course have honest opinions, and plenty to say in their defence. Others come up with a store of opinions home-made. Others, again, are Conservatives from a sheepish vein of imitation which makes them exalt a man whose opinion they consider safe into a sort of political bell-wether. Lastly, there are some who would find it hard to give a reason for their political faith; these, therefore, profess Conservatism, as a creed requiring little exertion. On the other hand, undergraduate Liberalism is not entirely free from suspicion. A man balks up for himself a theory that Intellect and Liberalism go together, and then he declares himself to be a Liberal; that he may prove himself to be clever. Or perhaps he finds an opening for his energy in the theoretical remodelling of society; he begins by being liberal, and soon becomes extravagant. Or, lastly, it may be that he too has a conscience. Generally speaking, undergraduates, upon political and other subjects, are learning to think more and to talk less. Intolerance is rapidly disappearing. A man is not now snubbed at Oxford because of his religious or political opinions, or because he is poor, or because he cannot produce a grandfather. The form in which intolerance shows itself chiefly is the sublime contempt which the members of one college sometimes express for the members of some less distinguished body. But even this patriotic bigotry is becoming mitigated by the existence of clubs which bring men of all colleges together.

It is a great pity that nobody has made a good collection of Oxford *bons mots*. There is a large amount of traditional wit floating about in the University, which well deserves a "local habitation." A "Golden Treasury of Oxford Humour" might find room for some few contributions from modern dolls; though, generally speaking, the witticisms of Oxford men in the present decade are respectable only by reason of their antiquity. Jokes, whose age and authorship are everywhere well known, are produced as originals with the most ingenuous effrontery. Retailers of vamped up jests are more numerous among doctors and masters than among bachelors and undergraduates; such habits of conversational plagiarism grow worse by degrees.

The modern rage for athletic sports in Oxford affords a wide field for discussion; but from a social point of view a very brief consideration of the subject may suffice. An undergraduate who is a first-rate runner, if he takes the trouble to make running the serious business of his life for a time, may within a year or two win an almost unlimited supply of plate, in prizes, a quite unlimited reputation, and a valuable circle of acquaintances. Whether, while thus employed, he may not be wasting his time and destroying his health, is a question not easy to decide.

If eyes and ears be safe guides in such matters, it may be truly said that Oxford undergraduates, take them for all in all, are at least as respectable, socially and morally estimated, as any body of young men in the world. Perhaps it may be thought that, with all their opportunities of culture, they might be better than they are. It should, however, be remembered that Oxford has a pampered atmosphere. All the surroundings of Oxford life tend to make a man more proud of, and less dependent upon, himself. The residents, when they have made his acquaintance, flatter and spoil him; the tradesmen give him unlimited credit; the servants and the hangers-on of his college bow down to him. Who shall throw the first stone at a man who come not quite unscathed from such an ordeal?

Not the least of the influences which are at work upon Oxford social life at the present day, is the growing appreciation for music which most men have. Every undergraduate "goes in" for music in one shape or another. If he cannot play a fugue, he can sing a comic song; if he does not understand Mozart, he can "interpret" Offenbach; though he may not admire Mr. Sentley, he roars at Mr. Vance. But musical taste is improving. Many men have pianos in their rooms, and not a few play really well. Theatrical performances are just now very popular at Oxford, and are usually done well, and in good taste. One element of success in college, as in regimental theatricals, is the fact that the actors do not expect a better part in return for a larger subscription, as is so often the case elsewhere. At Oxford, a stage-manager is a recognised autocrat. Amateur musical and theatrical performances in Oxford cluster generally round the feast of Commemoration, a "show" which it is impossible to describe. Oxford at Commemoration is metamorphosed into a huge kaleidoscope, in which balls, breakfasts, dinners, drives, picnics, promenades, flower shows, fêtes, concerts, croquet-parties, theatricals, boat processions, and flirtations are jumbled up together for a week in the most charmingly-arranged confusion, and with wonderful effects. Commemoration is unique. To be believed in, it must be seen; to be appreciated, it must be "done."

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c

TO LET

TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS Granite GODOWNS, at *Wanchai*, from 12 to 30,000 piculs capacity. Apply to

S. E. BURROWS & SONS.

tf 1700 Hongkong, 17th September, 1869.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE, No. 5, West Terrace, at Present occupied by Captain BAKER, in perfect repair. Possession on 15th October. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*

tf 1741 Hongkong, 9th September, 1869.

TO LET.

THAT 6-Roomed HOUSE, No. 31, *Elgin Street*, corner of *Caine Road*. Water laid on. Rent $45. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*

1m 1742 Hongkong, 9th September, 1869.

TO LET.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM and BATHROOM, with or without Board. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*

1th 1687 Hongkong, 2nd September, 1869.

TO LET,
(With immediate possession).

A BUNGALOW at *Pokefulam*. Apply to

LANG, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 1683 Hongkong, 1st September, 1869.

TO LET.

TWO Large GODOWNS, at *Wanchai*, at Moderate Rent. For particulars, apply to

P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.,
Corner of Hollywood Road and Cochrane St.

1m 1672 Hongkong, 1st September, 1869.

TO LET.

THE Two Storied HOUSE, No. 103, on the corner of *Queen's Road* and *Peel Street*, containing large godowns, and well suited for a merchant's office and residence. Water and gas laid on. Apply to

P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.,
Corner of Hollywood Road and Cochrane St.

1m 1672 Hongkong, 1st September, 1869.

TO LET.

THE commodious Business Premises lately in the occupation of Messrs. SMITH, ARCHER & Co., situated at *Spring Gardens*, and consisting of a Large Three Storied Dwelling House containing 22 Rooms, with outhouses and Stables attached; two large dry and airy Godowns, capable of holding 10,000 piculs each, with Offices and Private rooms over the same. The whole having a frontage on the Praya of 210 feet, with use of a private wharf, and a fine view of the harbor.

The houses have recently been painted and put in thorough repair.

For further particulars, apply to

JOHN GERRARD.

tf 1586 Hongkong, 19th August, 1869.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Oils, and other Merchandise in their own Boats, and to receive the same on Storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

TO LET.

THAT commodious family residence in *Bonham Road*, known as "Persepolis," containing 12 Rooms, besides basement story, Bath rooms, Coach House and Stable. Gas and Water laid on.

Also, Crocket ground, Flower and Vegetable garden. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, *Wyndham Street.*

tf 1030 Hongkong, 4th June, 1869.

TO LET,
(With immediate possession.)

SEVERAL Strong commodious GODOWNS, very conveniently situated on Marine Lot No. 63, between Messrs. JOHN BURD & Co.'s premises and Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.'s Wharf.

For Particulars, apply to

A. McLEOD,
At Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 929 Hongkong, 23th April, 1869.

TO LET.

TWO Commodious HOUSES, situated in *Spring Gardens*, possessing a thorough view of the harbour. Apply to

D. NOWROJEE,
Opposite to ORIENTAL BANK.

tf 291 Hongkong, 5th February, 1869.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Bank Buildings, situated between the Agra Bank and Comptoir d'Escompte, at late in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.

For further particulars, apply to

GILMAN & Co.

tf 697 Hongkong, 17th April, 1867.

TO LET.

ONE FLOOR of a HOUSE in *Queen's Road*, well situated.

ROB. S. WALKER & Co.

tf 591 Hongkong, 24th March, 1869.

TO LET.

A CONVENIENTLY Situated HOUSE in *Chancery Lane*. Rent moderate.

Apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 1895 Hongkong, 6th October, 1868.

TO LET,
With immediate possession.

TWO commodious two-storied Granite GODOWNS, at Wanchai, (adjoining the Union Dock Company's timber yard), on which property, also, STORAGE can be had at moderate terms.

For particulars, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

tf 840 Hongkong, 27th April, 1869.

TO LET.

HOUSES in Mosque Terrace (Caine Road), newly painted and in thorough repair. Water laid on. Apply to

JOHN GERRARD.

tf 1293 Hongkong, 5th July, 1869.

CLUB CHAMBERS, D'AGUILAR STREET.

A FEW Sets of these desirable Chambers are now vacant, and can be had on reasonable terms. Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 2147 Hongkong, 14th November, 1868.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE, No. 1, in *Caine Road*, very conveniently situated and commanding an excellent view of the harbour; containing eight rooms. Stabling for two ponies, and the necessary accommodation for servants. Gas and water laid on.

For particulars, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 1246 Hongkong, 26th June, 1869.

TO BE LET.

THE very desirable business premises lately occupied by Messrs. LYALL, SPILL & Co.; a portion of which are now occupied by Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.—with large and commodious dwelling-house and extensive Godowns on the *Praya*.

For full Particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

tf 2364 Hongkong, 16th December, 1868.

TO LET,
With immediate possession.

THE HOUSE and OFFICES, No. 4, *Gough Street*, lately occupied by Messrs. A. WILKINSON & Co. Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 1957 Hongkong, 15th October, 1868.

TO LET.
With Possession on the 1st May Next.

THOSE very desirable Business Premises, situated in the *Queen's Road*, and extending to the Praya, at present occupied by Messrs. Bowra & Co.

This property can be divided into three portions—that in the Praya is detached, and contains extensive Godowns in the ground and middle floors, with private residence on the upper floor, and separate entrance thereto.

The portion abutting on the *Queen's Road* from its very central position, is admirably adapted for a Shop or Store, having Godowns on the basement floor, and Dwelling Apartment on the upper floor.

The central portion consists of two Blocks of Buildings, each two storied, and suitable for Offices and Godowns.

For Particulars, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 426 Hongkong, 1st March, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.
(With immediate possession).

THE upper and lower part of the HOUSE on *Peddar's Wharf*, lately occupied by

THOS. HUNT & Co.

tf 1391 Hongkong, 17th July, 1869.

TO BE LET,
With Possession on 1st Oct. next.

THE HOUSE and OFFICE, No. 9, *Gough Street*, at present occupied by Messrs. KIRCHNER, BOGER & Co. Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 1374 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

TO LET.

THREE HOUSES on Peddar's Hill, each containing Four Rooms, with Outhouses, &c. Gas and Water laid on.

Six Granite GODOWNS, below Peddar's Hill, in Wyndham Street.

Two HOUSES in Peel Street, each containing Six Rooms, with Godowns, Compradore's Room, &c. Water and Gas laid on.

For Particulars, apply to

A. PESTONJEE SETNA,
Corner of Gage and Peel Streets.

tf 1273 Hongkong, 1st July, 1869.

HOUSES TO LET.

IN various Parts of Hongkong. A list of HOUSES with *size, locality* and *terms* can be seen at No. 53, *Wyndham Street*.

THOS. W. BARRINGTON.

tf 642 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

Insurances.

NOTICE.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE annual rates for Fire Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses (removed from the town) and their contents,	} 1 per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents	} 1 per cent.
Offices and Godowns and their contents,	} 1 per cent.

Other Risks by Special arrangement.

The following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Policies:—

Not exceeding 10 days 4th per cent.		
Not exceeding 1 month 1 per cent.		
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3	"
Above 3 months, and not exceeding	6	"
Above 6 months, the full annual rate of		

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

tf 1763 Hongkong, 13th September, 1869.

HAMBURG BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding Ten days	} of the annual rate	
Not exceeding 1 month	4	do do
Above 1 month, and not exceeding three months	4	do do
Above 3 months, and not exceeding six months	4	do do
Above six months the full annual rate.		

WM. PUSTAU & Co., *Agents.*

tf 1667 Hongkong, 30th August, 1869.

MERCHANTS MUTUAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

ENGAGED EXCLUSIVELY IN MARINE INSURANCE.

Paid up Capital—$500,000.00.

THE Undersigned having been duly appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the usual terms.

OLIPHANT & Co.

tf 1292 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1869.

NOTICE.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month	½ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3	" "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding	6	" "

Above 6 months the full annual rate.

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.,
Agents the Queen Insurance Company.

tf 984 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1869.

NOTICE

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Company are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine risks at Current Rates. Policies can be made payable at all the principal ports throughout the world.

MORGAN LAMBERT & Co.,
Agents.

tf 2118 Hongkong, 7th November, 1868.

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding Ten days	} of the annual rate	
Not exceeding 1 month	1 month	½ of the annual rate
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3	" " do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding	6	" " do. do.

Above 6 months the full annual rate.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents, Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

tf 675 Hongkong, 13th August, 1869.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

FOR Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbours or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of $60,000 on any one First Class Risk.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents,	} 1 per cent. per annum
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents,	} 1 " "
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents,	} 1 per cent. per annum

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

tf 886 Hongkong, 10th March, 1865.

HONGKONG INSURANCE COMPANY, 1868.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to issue Marine Policies on the usual terms to the extent of $10,000, on any first class risk.

A. O. HOGG & Co.

tf 683 Hongkong, 17th March, 1869.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $60,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

FORBES & Co.'s CONSTITUENTS INSURANCE COMPANY,
AND
BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Companies, are prepared to accept risks on the usual terms.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf 990 Hongkong, 26th February, 1868.

Insurances.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER
IN
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST.
A.D. 1720.

HEAD OFFICE IN LONDON.
No. 7, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C.
WEST END OFFICE.—*No. 7, Pall Mall, S.W.*

RICHARD BAGGALLAY, Esq.—*Governor*
JAMES BLYTH, Esq.—*Sub-Governor.*
EDWIN GOWER, Esq.—*Deputy-Governor.*

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Robert Gillespie, Esq. | Lestock Reid Wilson, Esq.

SECRETARY.
JOHN LAURENCE, Esq.

THE CORPORATION OF THE LONDON ASSURANCE have appointed Agents for the issue of Policies for Marine Assurance in INDIA and CHINA as under:—

Bombay—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.
Madras—Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co.
Calcutta—Messrs. MACKINTOSH, STEWART & Co.
Hongkong—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Shanghai—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Foochow,—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Mauritius—Messrs. BLYTH BROTHERS & Co.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies of the CORPORATION OF THE LONDON ASSURANCE, payable either here, in LONDON, at any of the above-named Agencies, and also at

Melbourne, Victoria—
Messrs. DALGETY, BLACKWOOD & Co.
Launceston, Tasmania—
Messrs. DU CROZ, NICHOLS & Co.
Hobart Town—
Mr. LAVINGTON HOOPE.
Adelaide, S. Australia—
Messrs. RIDDER, SMITH & Co.
Sydney, New S. Wales—
Messrs. FANNING, GRIFFITHS & Co.
Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand—
Messrs. DALGETY, BATTRAY & Co.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,
Agents.

tf 140 Hongkong, 21st January, 1868.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

LIFE ASSURANCES.

THE Undersigned are authorised to issue Life Policies for Terms not exceeding £5,000.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 1959 Hongkong, 15th October, 1868.

NOTICE.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE following rates will in future be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month	½ per cent.
Above one month, and not exceeding	3	" "
Above three months, and not exceeding	6	" "

Above six months, the full annual rate.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,
Agents.

tf 687 Hongkong, 8th April, 1868.

NOTICE.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month	½ per cent.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding	3	" "
Above 3 months, and not exceeding	6	" "

Above 6 months the full annual rate.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,
Agents.

tf 698 Hongkong, 7th April, 1868.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company, at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 1838 Hongkong, 15th October, 1868.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Corporation are prepared to grant FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE on the usual terms.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 2025 Hongkong, 27th December, 1867.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS, and issue Policies on any Free-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China, Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 8th October, 1868

NOTICE.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged on SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding	1 month	½ of the annual rate
Above 1 month but not exceeding	3	" " do. do.
Above 3 months but not exceeding	6	" " do. do.

Above 6 months the full annual rate.

A. O. HOGG & Co.,
Agents, Sun Fire Office.

tf 676 Hongkong, 5th June, 1868.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

INCORPORATED 1856.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Marine Risks and issue Policies on current rates.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 1851 Hongkong, 7th June, 1867.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town, and their contents,	} ½ per cent. per annum
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents,	} ½ " "
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents,	} ½ per cent. per annum

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents, North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

tf 886 Hongkong, 10th March, 1865.

Insurances.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY.
SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire on Buildings and Goods, at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 366 Hongkong, 7th February, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 573 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1867.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

POLICIES granted on *Marine Risks* to all parts of the World, at current rates.

In addition to the usual brokerage, this Association returns to the assured *Fifteen per cent. of its yearly profits*; divided *pro rata* to the net premium contributed.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Secretaries.

tf 1089 Hongkong, 1st January, 1869.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above-named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

NOTICE.

FROM and after this date the following rates will be charged for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

Not exceeding Ten days	} of the annual rate	
Not exceeding 1 month	½	do. do.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding three months	½	do. do.
Above 3 months, and not exceeding six months	½	do. do.

Above six months the full annual rate.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 2096 Hongkong, 9th November, 1868.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Marine risks at current rates.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 471 Hongkong, 6th March, 1868.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1836.

CAPITAL, £500,000.

MANAGING AGENTS IN CHINA,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co
HONGKONG.
MEDICAL REFEREE,
IVOR MURRAY, Esq., M.D.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Managing Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept risks and issue Policies on Life Assurances.

For further particulars, forms of proposals &c., apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
Managing Agents in China.

tf 1416 Hongkong, 15th June, 1867.

DE COSTERLING
SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above-named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

tf 1669 Hongkong, 1st August, 1868.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
JAMES HARTLEY & Co. *Managers.*
ESTABLISHED 1846.

THE Undersigned is authorised to accept risks on behalf of this Office, by First Class Steamers.

W. MACAULAY, *Agent.*

tf Hongkong, 1st July, 1867

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CHINESE REPOSITORY.—Vol. XII, No. 9, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; XIII, 8, 11; XV, 1, 5, 6; XVI, 1, 4, 6, 7; XVII, 1, 2, 4, 6, 11.

CHINESE, Miscellany, consisting of original extracts from Chinese authors, in the native character; with Translations and Bibliographical remarks. By Rob. Morrison. 4to., pp. 69, bound, calf. London, 1825. 18s.

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EDKINS.—Progressive Lessons in the Chinese spoken Language; with lists of common words and phrases, and an epoch constructed on the tones in the Peking dialect. By Joseph Edkins, London Missionary Society, Peking. Second edition. 8vo., pp. vi, and 124. Shanghai, 1864. 7s.

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JULIEN.—San-Tzeu-King. Trimetri libri varum librorum. Wang-Po-Hsien sub finem XIII. Saeculi composito sinensium usum in Sinis. Cr. 8vo. Paris, 1861. 2s. 6d.

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